

DASHBOARD IOM UGANDA

Ebola Virus Disease PoE Preparedness

KISORO, KANUNGU, RUKUNGIRI, RUBIRIZI, NTOROKO, KASESE AND BUNDIBUGYO DISTRICTS

12 August 2019 - 25 August 2019

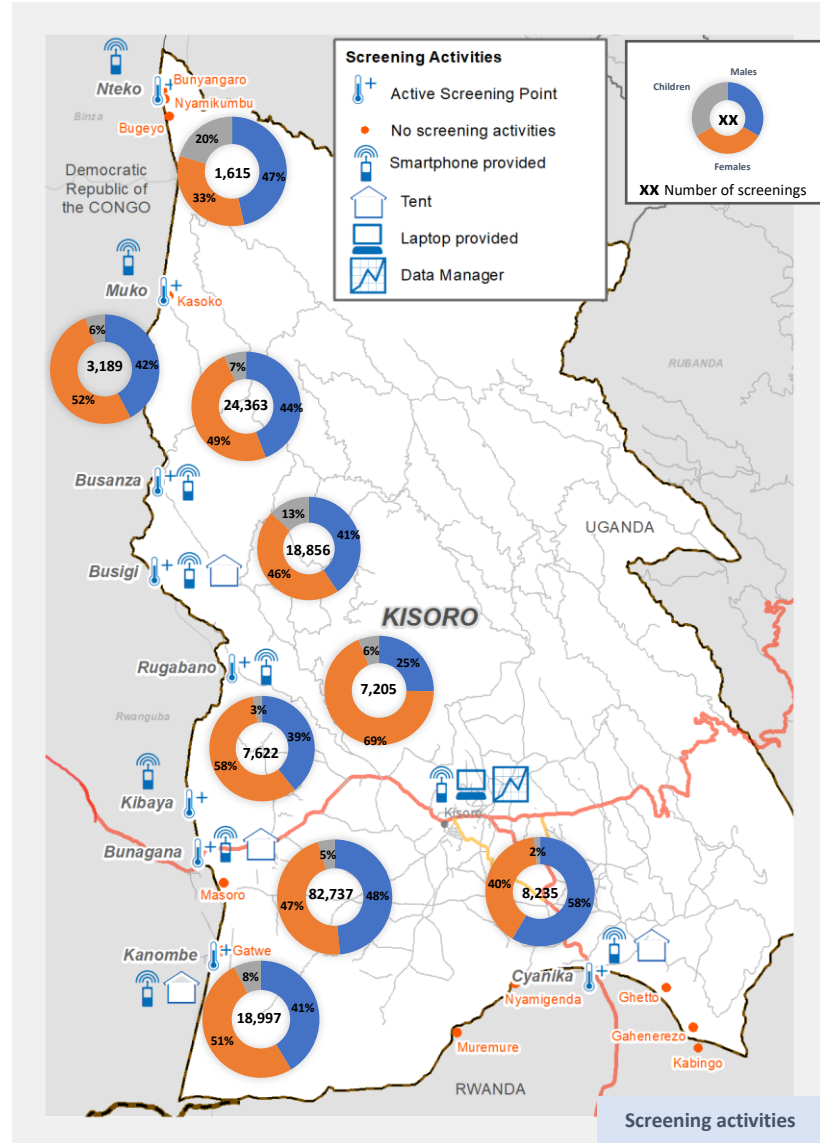
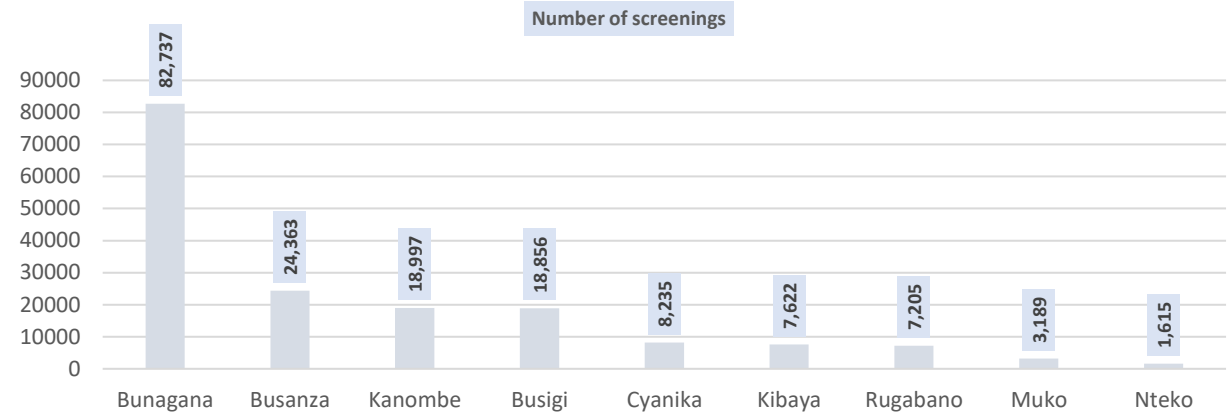
(Information included in this dashboard are based on raw data provided by Ugandan Red Cross Society and are consolidated through the district data analysts.)



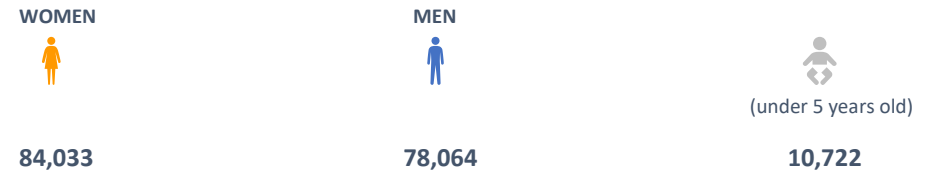
Ebola Virus Disease PoE Preparedness at Screening Points – KISORO District

Number of (from 12 August to 25 August 2019)		
Screenings 	Persons isolated 	Persons referred
172,819	20	0

Cumulative since 08 April 2019		
1,467,196	209	6



Total number of screenings, disaggregated by gender and age



OVERVIEW

Screening operation

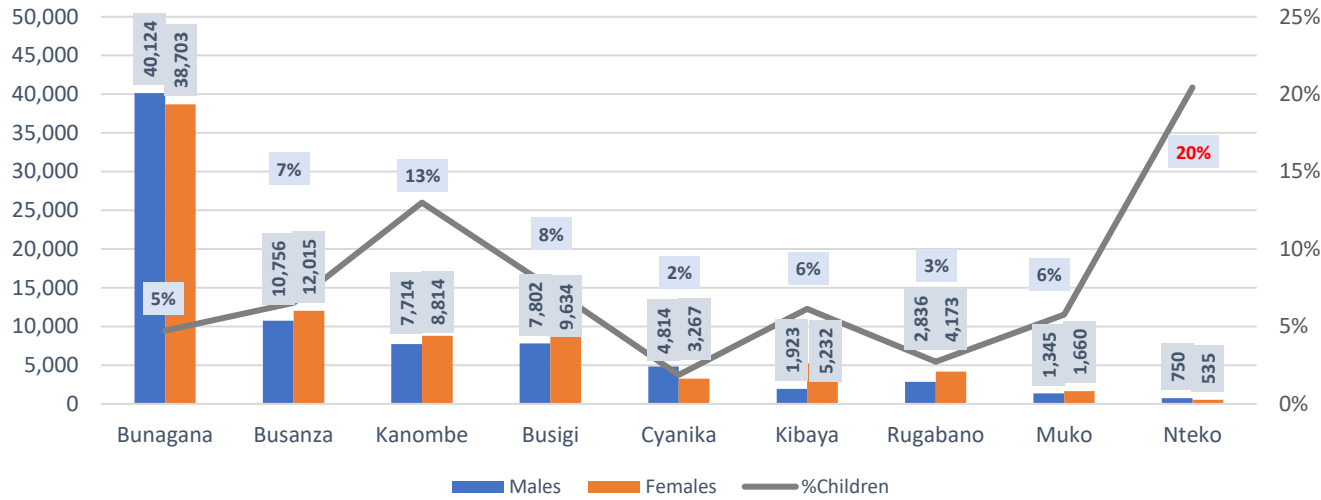
- Kisoro has twenty-one (21) Points of Entry (PoEs) referenced and of these, nine (9) have active screening operations in place. Two (2) of them are official PoEs (Cyanika and Bunagana).
- A total of 172,819 screenings have been completed at eight (8) PoEs at the border with the Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC) and at one (1) PoE with Rwanda.
- Bunagana and Busanza alone registered approximately 62% of the total flow in Kisoro. Bunagana is the only official PoE bordering with DRC while Busanza is unofficial PoE but a very busy trade hub between DRC and Uganda.
- Bunagana registered the highest number of persons screened (82,737).

Demographic

- Ratio of adult females and adult males 49:45.
- 6% of the flow were children under 5 years old.
- 20% and 13% of the flow in Nteko and Kanombe respectively were children under 5 years old.
- More adult females crossed in Kibaya (69%) and Rugabano (58%) than adult males.

DETAILS PER POE

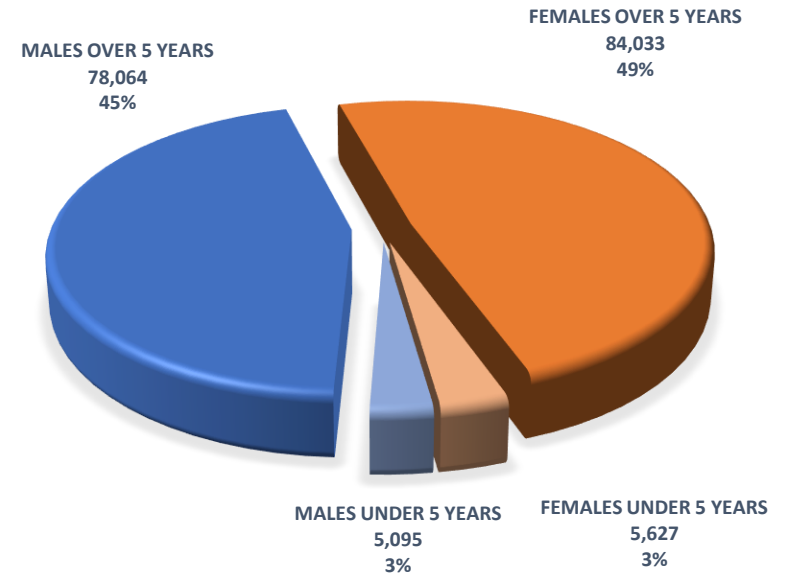
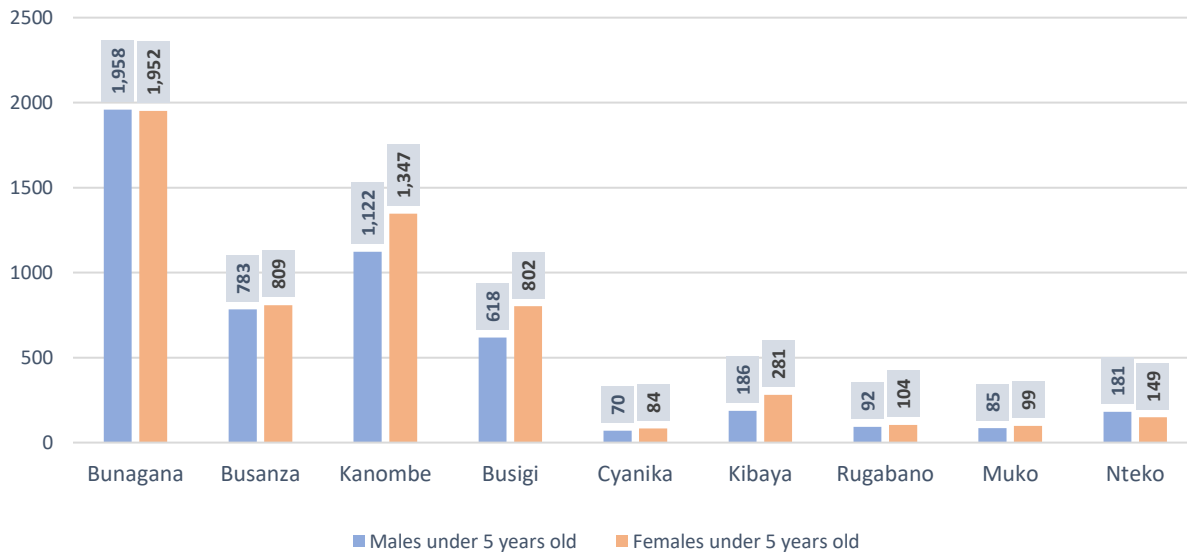
Total Screenings by Adults, Sex and Percentage of Children



The type of flows is influenced by the land configuration (mountainous, forest...) and the type of PoE (formal or informal). The type of access road (main road or rural road) influences the type of flow as well as the reason for travelling. The presence of markets and agricultural activities is a pull factor and may attract more adult women than adult men.

Nteko and Kanombe registered high flow of children under 5 years old due to high numbers of women working in the markets or in the fields that cross with their toddlers since they spend the entire day out of their residences.

Total children under 5 years old screened



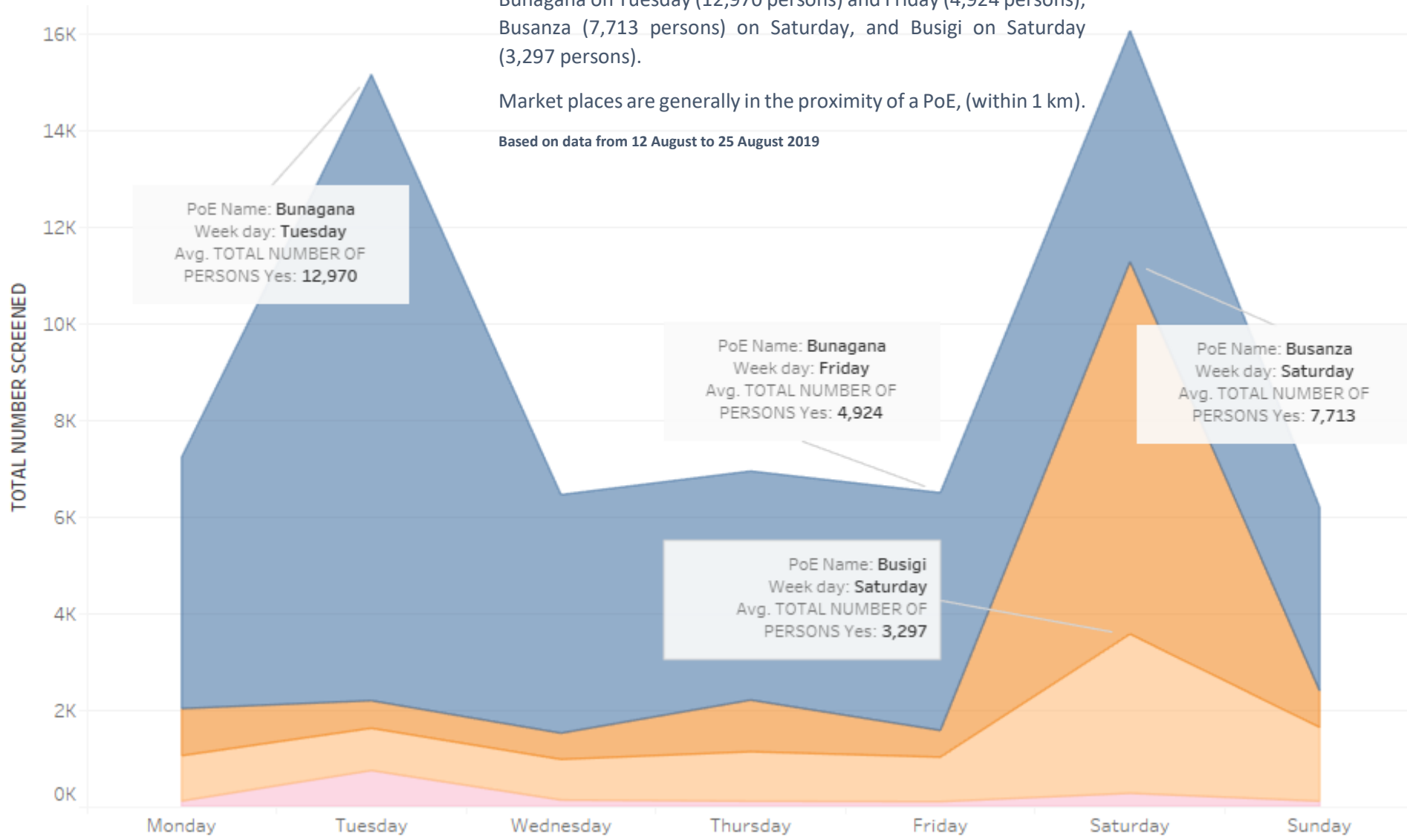
PEAK OF FLOWS




Weekdays peak of flow

On market days, the average daily flow peaks were recorded in Bunagana on Tuesday (12,970 persons) and Friday (4,924 persons), Busanza (7,713 persons) on Saturday, and Busigi on Saturday (3,297 persons).

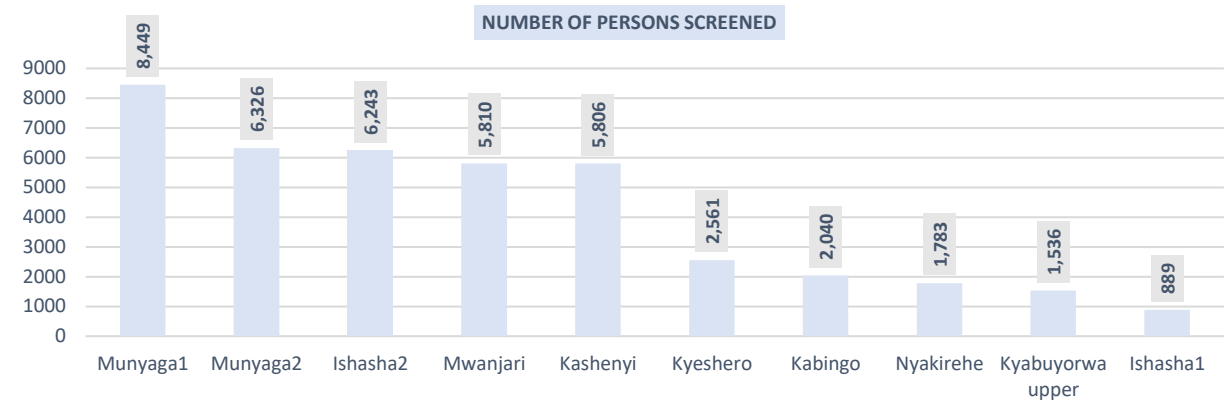
Market places are generally in the proximity of a PoE, (within 1 km).

Based on data from 12 August to 25 August 2019

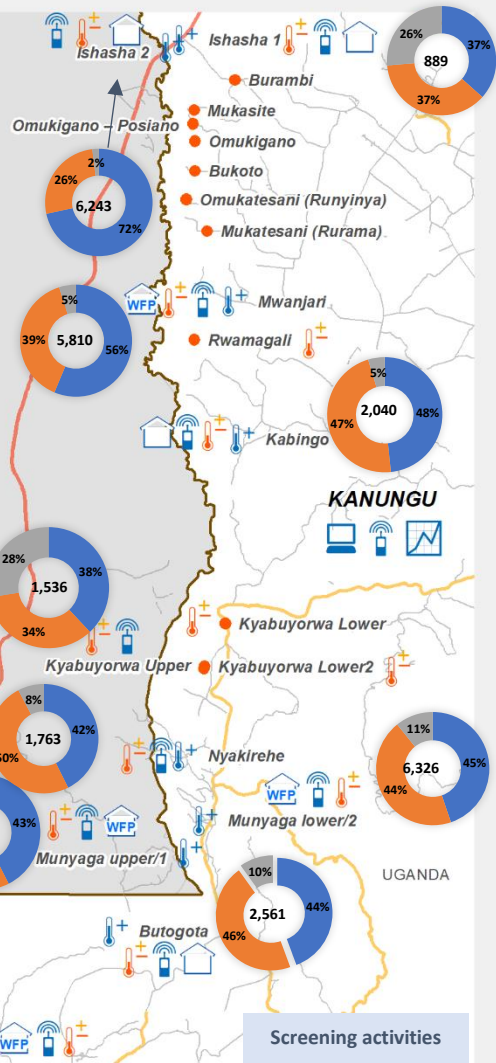


Number of (from 12 August to 25 August 2019)		
Screenings 	Persons isolated 	Persons referred 
41,443	5	-

Cumulative since 08 April 2019		
362,686	323	5



- Screening Activities**
- No screening
 - Active Screening
 - Smartphone provided
 - Laptop provided
 - Data Manager
 - Tent/Shelter
 - Infrared Thermo. provided



Total number of screenings, disaggregated by gender and age



Overview

Screening operation

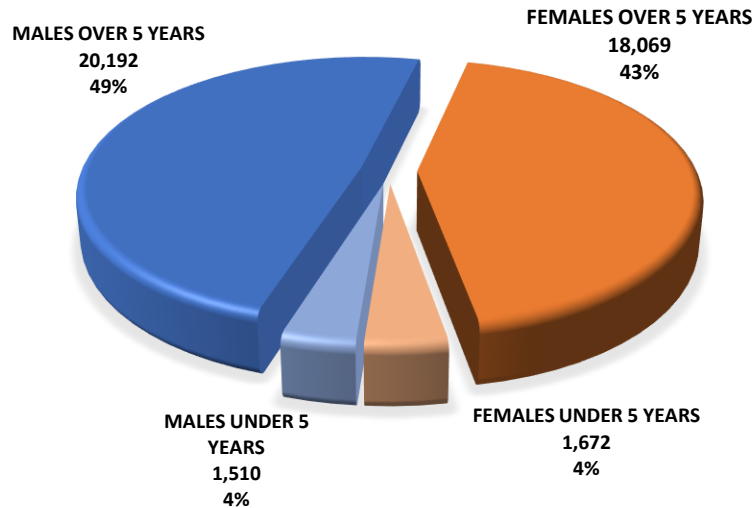
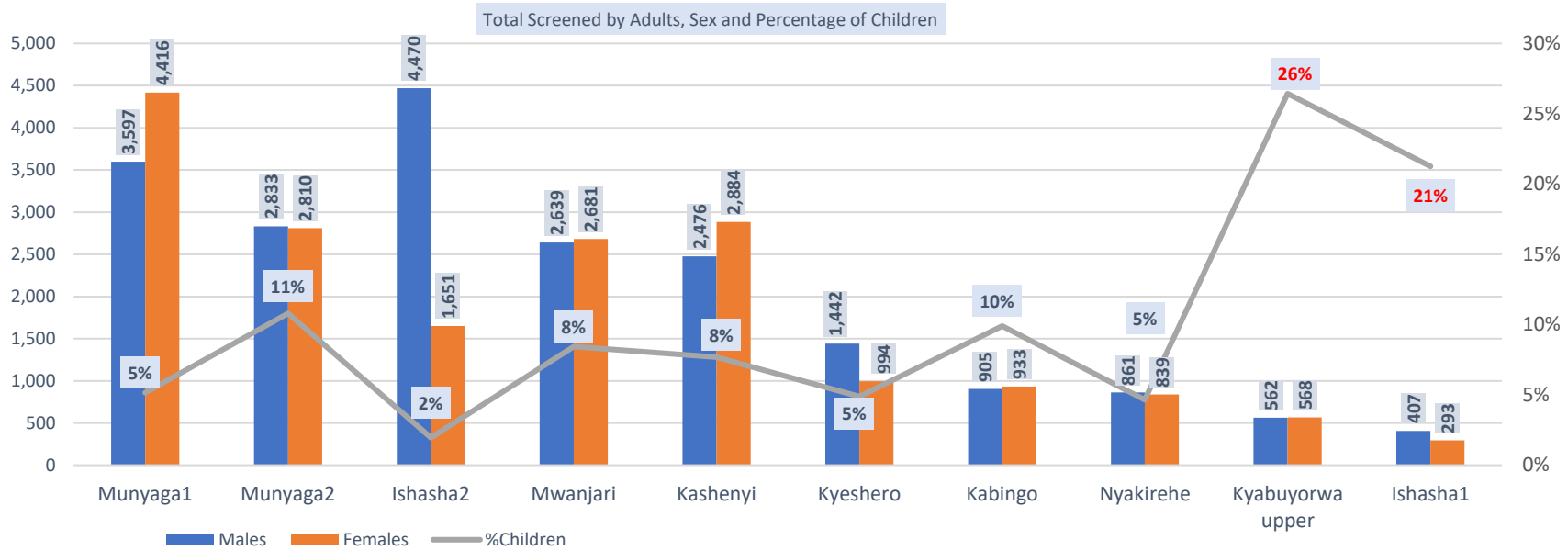
- Of the twenty (20) PoEs referenced, ten (10) have active screening operations in place. Two (2) of them are official PoEs (Ishasha2 and Kyeshero/Butogota).
- A total of 41,443 screenings have been done at ten (10) PoEs at the border with the Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC).
- Muyanga1 registered the highest number of persons screened (8,449) followed by Muyanga2 (6,326).

Demographic

- Ratio of adult males and adult females 49:43
- 8% were children under 5 years old.
- Children under 5 years old constituted 21% and 26% of the flow in Ishaha1 and Kyabuyorwa upper respectively.
- More adult males than adult females crossed at Ishasha2 (72%) mainly due to cross-border trading activities at Ishasha2 official PoE.

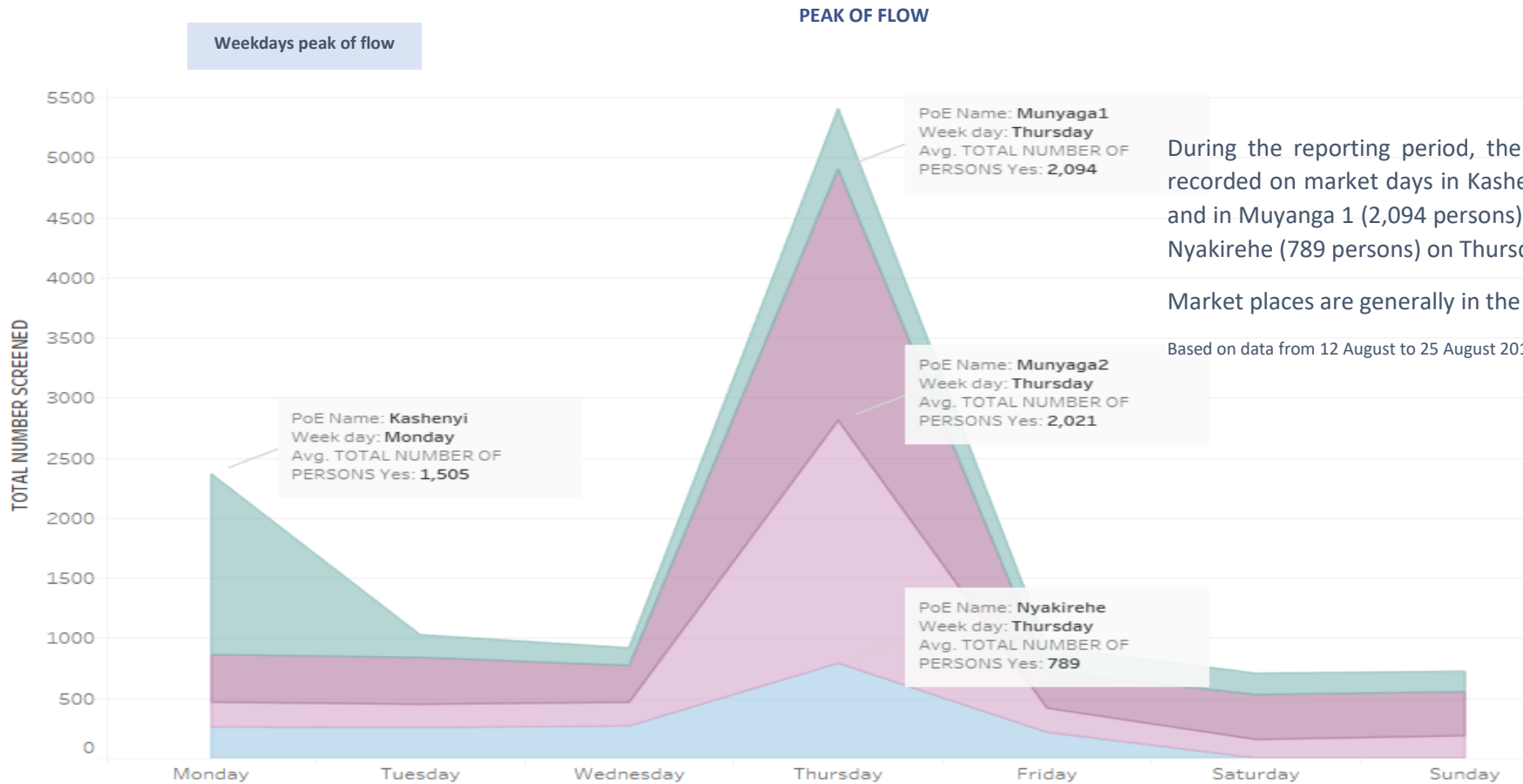
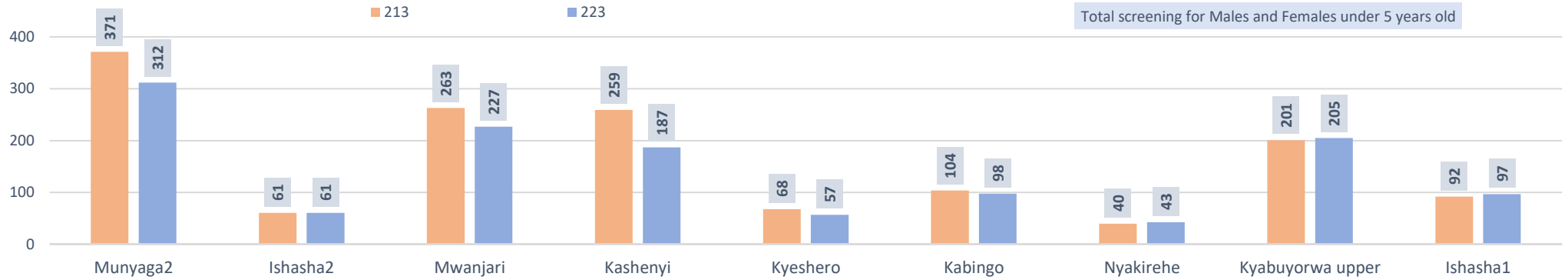


DETAILS PER POE



In Kyabuyorwa upper and Ishasha 1, the higher percentage of children under 5 years old is explained by the number of women, mainly asylum seekers, entering Uganda through these informal PoEs.




The type of flows is influenced by the land configuration (mountainous, forest...) and the type of PoE (formal or informal). The type of access road (main road or rural road) influences the type of flow as well as the reason for travelling. The presence of markets and agricultural activities is a pull factor and may attract more adult women than men.



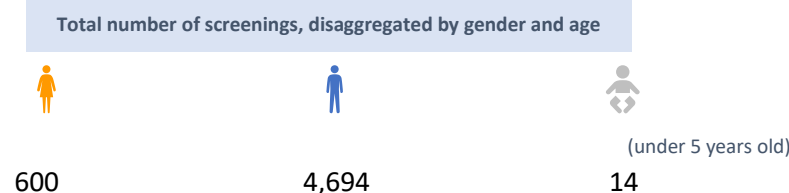
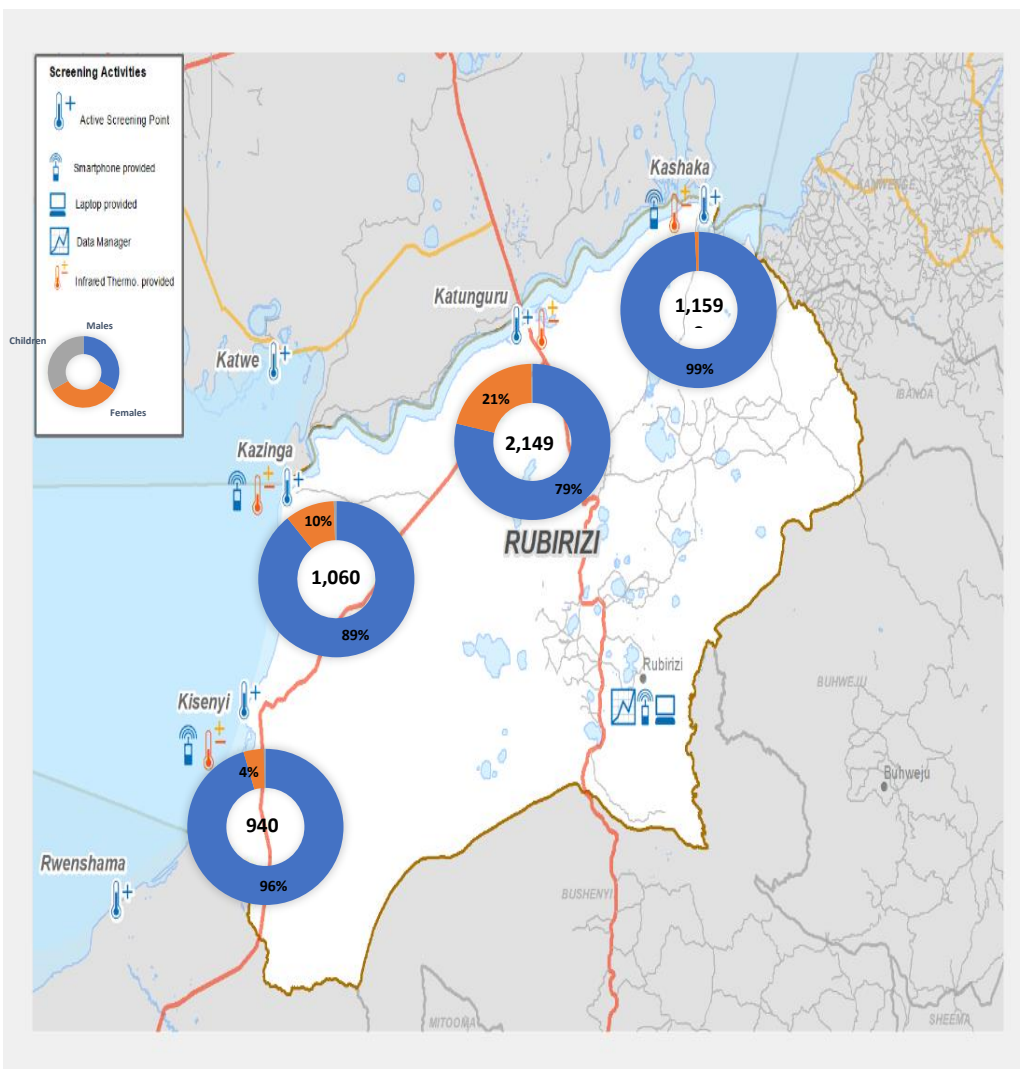
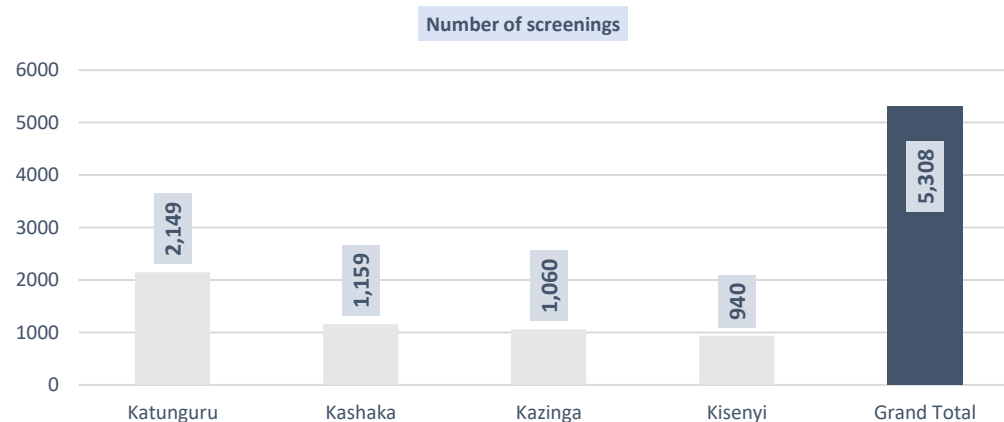
During the reporting period, the average daily flow peaks were recorded on market days in Kashenyi on Monday (1,505 persons), and in Muyaंगा 1 (2,094 persons), Muyaंगा 2 (2,021 persons) and Nyakirehe (789 persons) on Thursday.

Market places are generally in the proximity of a PoE (within 1 km).

Based on data from 12 August to 25 August 2019

Number of (from 12 August to 25 August 2019)		
Screenings  5,308	Persons isolated  41	Persons referred  0

Cumulative since 29 April 2019		
41,309	318	3



OVERVIEW

Screening operation

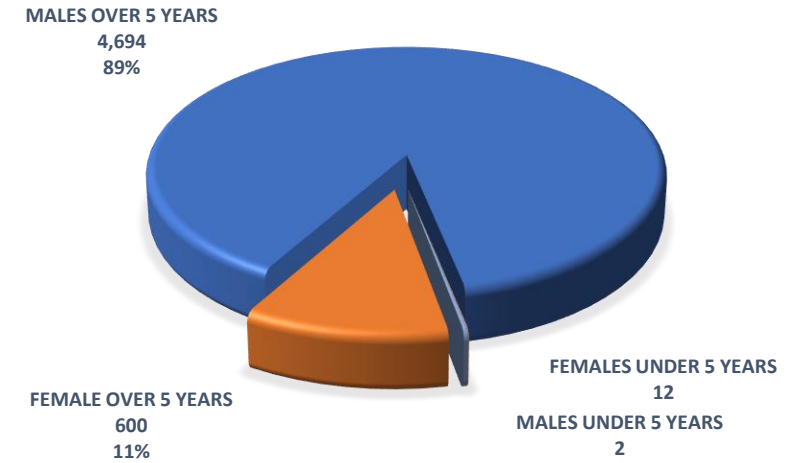
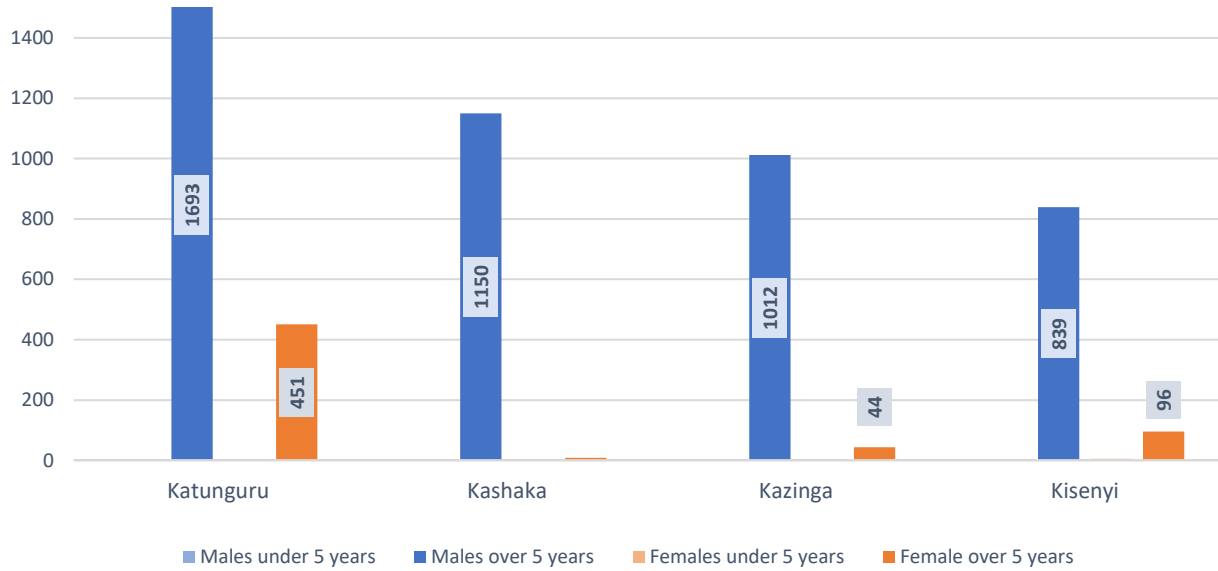
- All the four (4) landing sites referenced are informal PoEs and have active screening operations in place.
- A total of **5,308** screenings have been completed at four (4) PoEs on Lake Edward, Lake George and along Kazinga Chanel.
- Katunguru registered the highest number of persons screened (2,149) followed by Kashaka (1,159).

Demographic




- Ratio of adult males and adult females 89:11
- Only 14 children under 5 years old were registered during this period (0.3%)
- At all landing sites, many of the registrations were adult males since the biggest economic activity in the area is fishing.



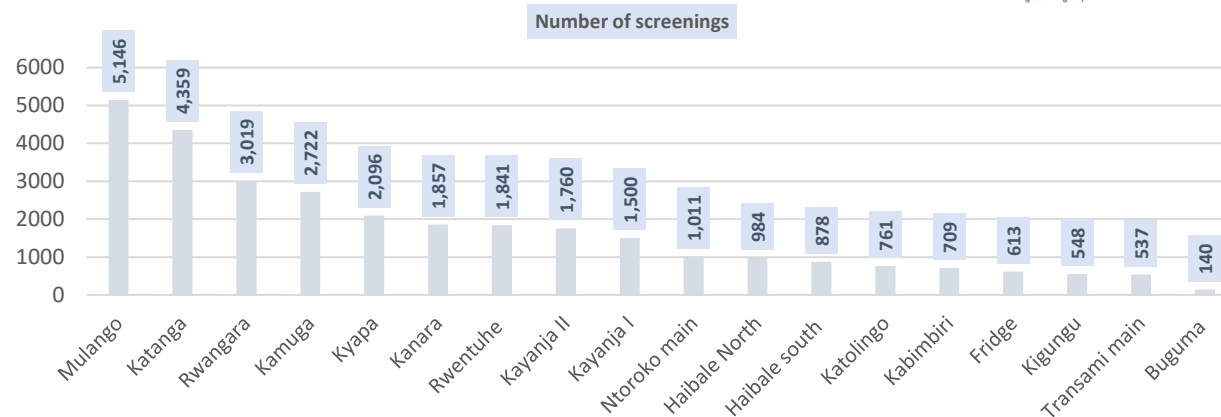
Total persons screening by Sex and Age









Ebola Virus Disease PoE Preparedness at Screening Points – NTOROKO District

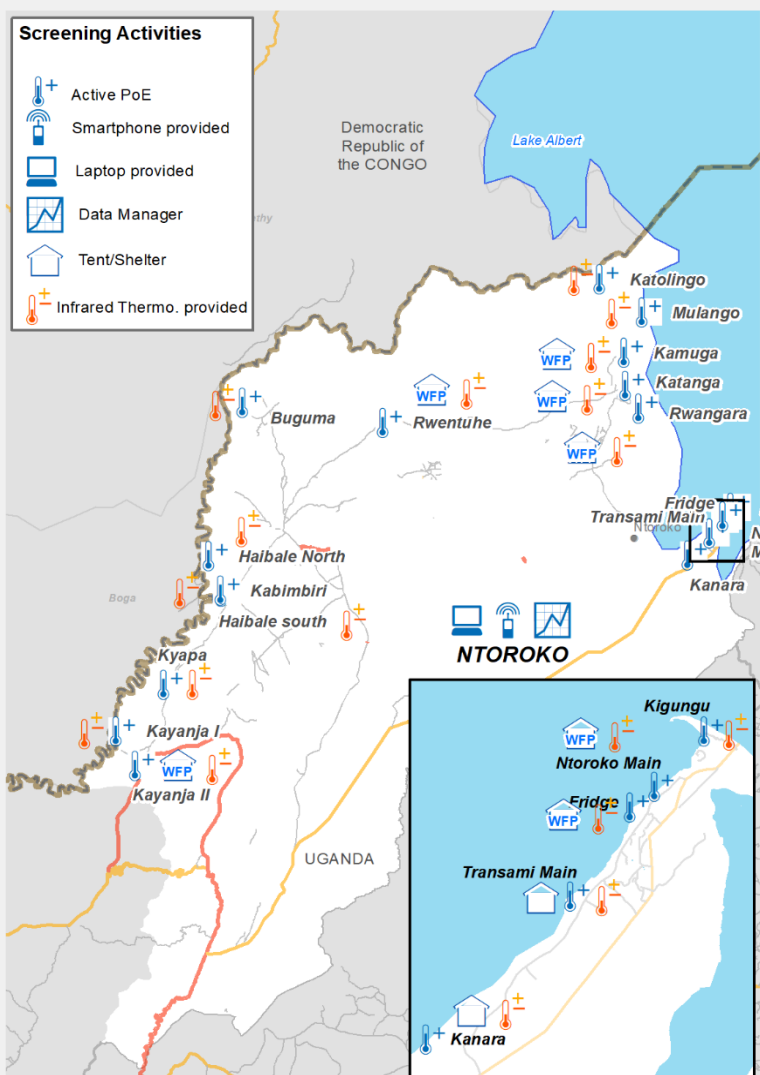
Number of (from 12 August to 25 August 2019)		
Screenings  30,481	Persons Isolated  0	Persons Referred  0

Cumulative since 10 June:		
85,484	0	0



Screening Activities

-  Active PoE
-  Smartphone provided
-  Laptop provided
-  Data Manager
-  Tent/Shelter
-  Infrared Thermo. provided



Total number of screenings, disaggregated by gender and age



OVERVIEW

Screening operation

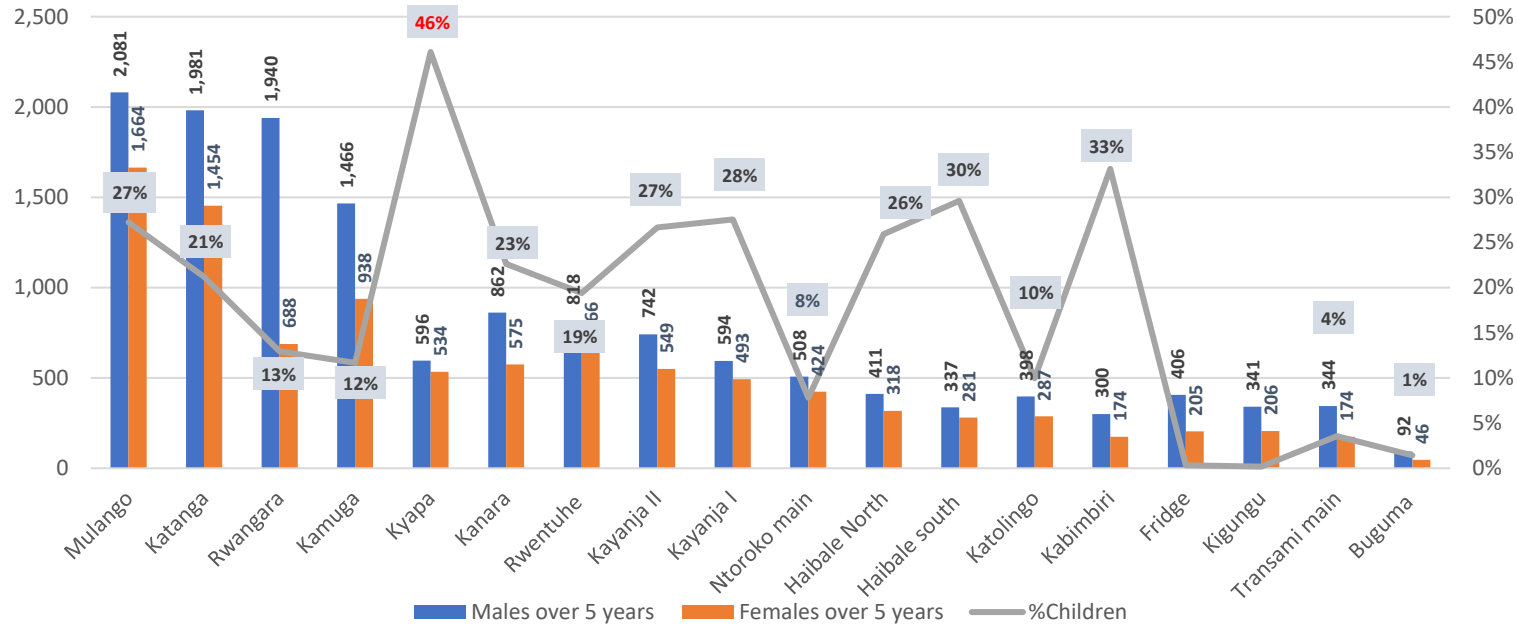
- Of the twenty (20) PoEs and one (1) PoC (Rwentuhe) referenced (three (3) are still not mapped), eighteen (18) have screening operations in place. One (1) of them is an official PoE (Transami Main-Kanara).
- A total of 30,481 screenings have been completed at eighteen (18) PoEs on the shore of Lake Albert and at the border with the Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC) and one (1) PoC in Rwentuhe.
- Mulango, Katanga, Rwangara, and Kigungu registered 50% of the total flow in Ntoroko.
- Mulango registered the highest number of screenings (5,146).

Demographic

- Ratio of adult males and adult females was 46:32
- About 6,588 children under 5 years old were registered during this period (22%)
- Rwangara registered the highest ratio of adult males to adult females (64:23)

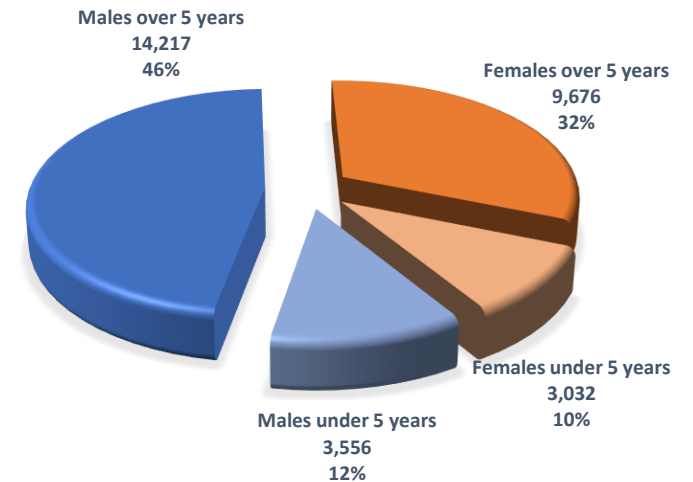
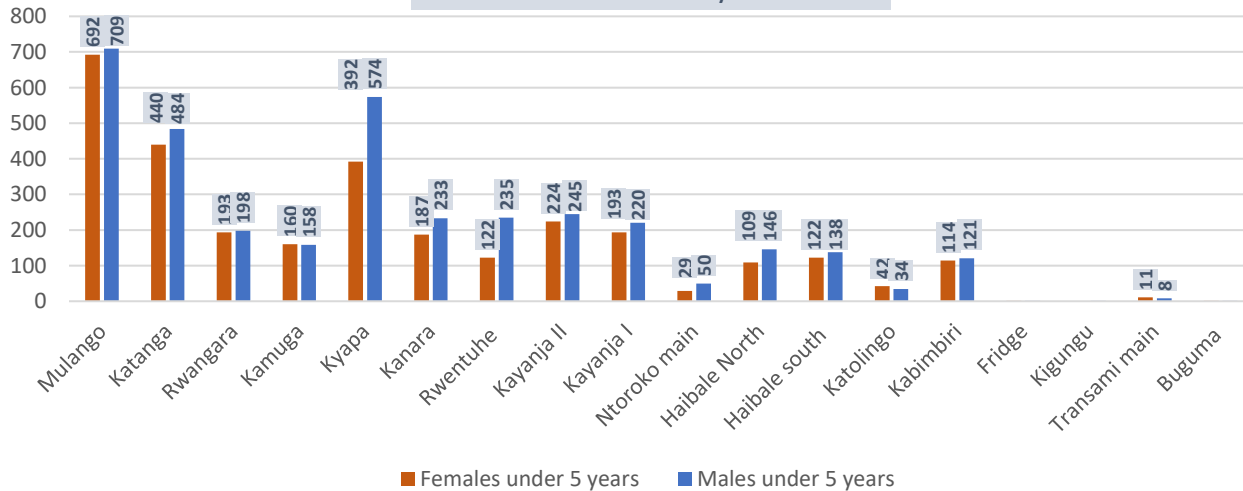
DETAILS PER POE

Total Screened by Adults, Sex and Percentage of Children



The disparity in the breakdown of flows in the different PoEs can be explained by the land configuration and the type of PoE, whether it is formal or informal. The type of access road (main road or rural road) also influences the type of flow as well as the reason for travel. Presence of markets and agricultural activities act as pull factor and may attract more female than male adults depending on the type of activity. Where family ties across the border are strong, many movements are motivated by family visits.

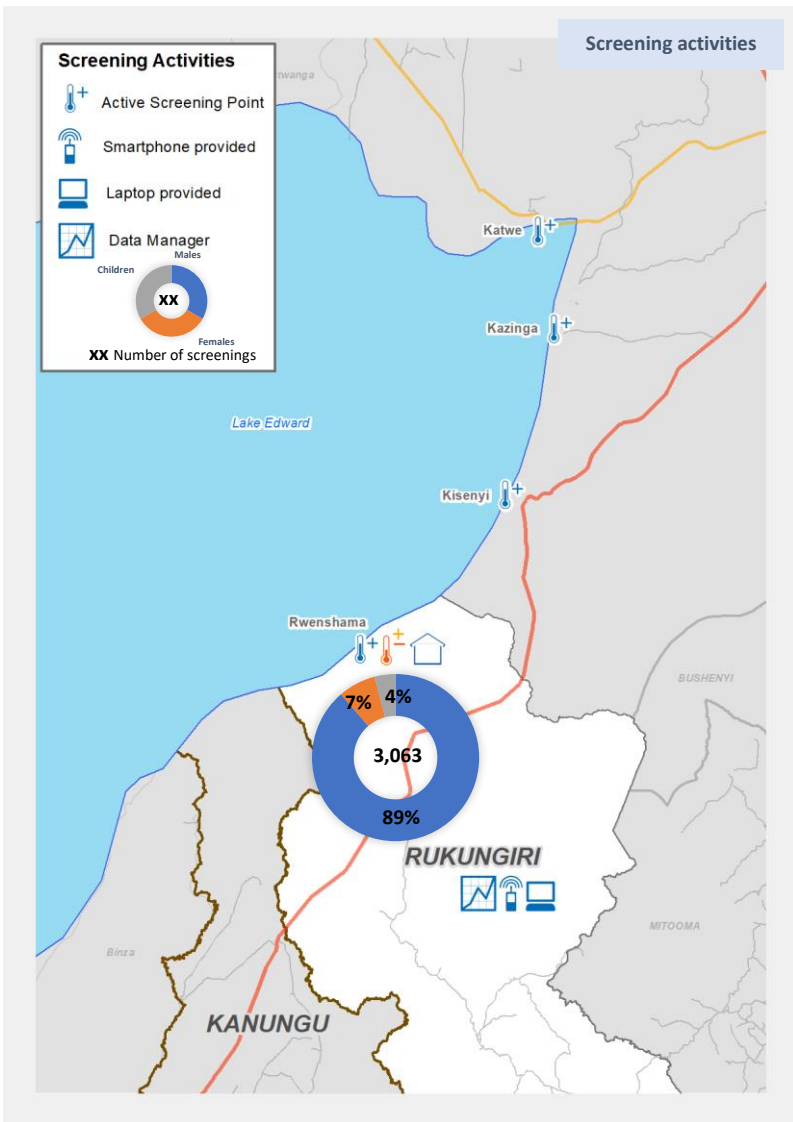
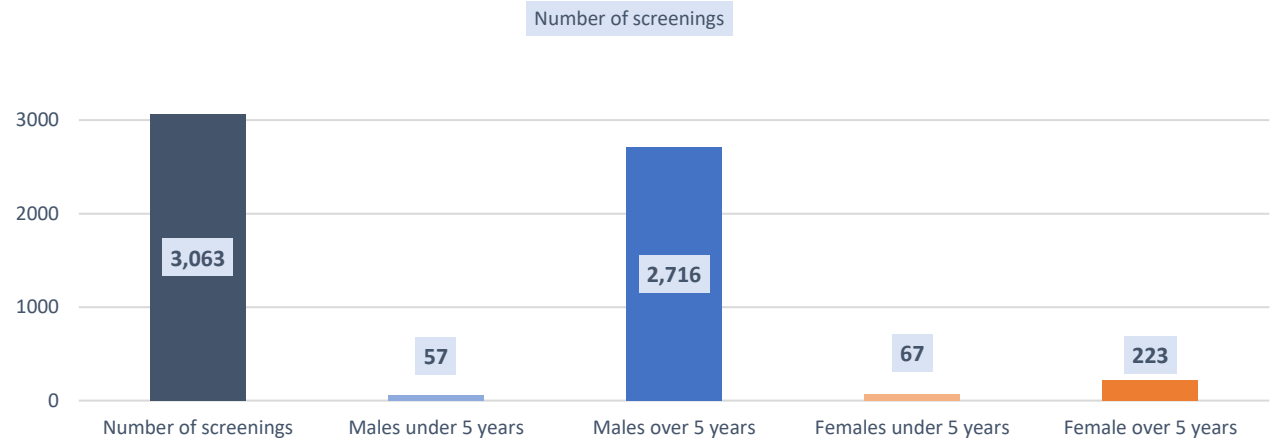
Total number of children under 5 years old screened



Ebola Virus Disease PoE Preparedness at Screening Points – RUKUNGIRI District

Number of (from 12 August to 25 August 2019)		
Screenings	Persons isolated	Persons referred
3063	0	0

Cumulative since 06 May 2019		
25,923	105	1



Total number of screenings, disaggregated by gender and age



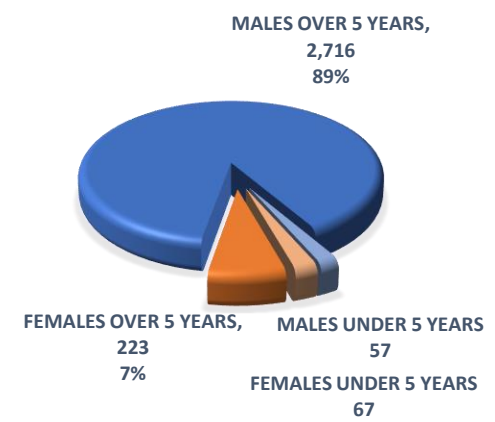
OVERVIEW

Screening operation

- Of the two (2) landing sites referenced (one not mapped), one (1) PoE has screening operations in place. Both PoEs are unofficial.
- A total of 3063 screenings have been completed at one (1) screening point at Rwenshama landing site on Lake Edward.

Demographic

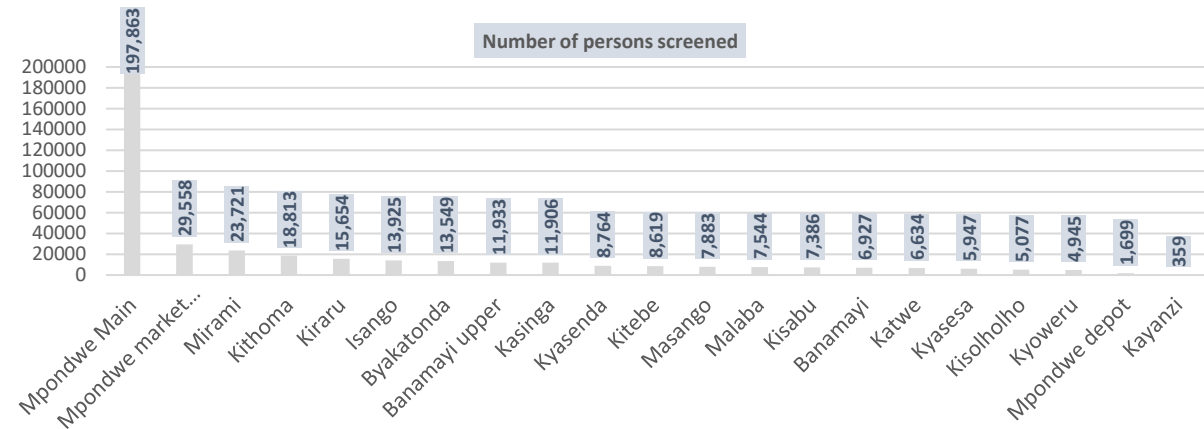
- Ratio of adult males and adult females 89:7
- Only 69 children under 5 years old were registered during this period (4%)
- Adult males are the majority registered. This is because fishing is the most practiced economic activity at the landing site and is male dominated.



Ebola Virus Disease PoE Preparedness at Screening Points – KASESE District

Number of (from 12 Aug to 25 August 2019)		
Screenings 	Persons Isolated 	Persons Referred
408,706	0	0

Cumulative since 29 July:		
604,835	0	0



Total number of screenings, disaggregated by gender and age



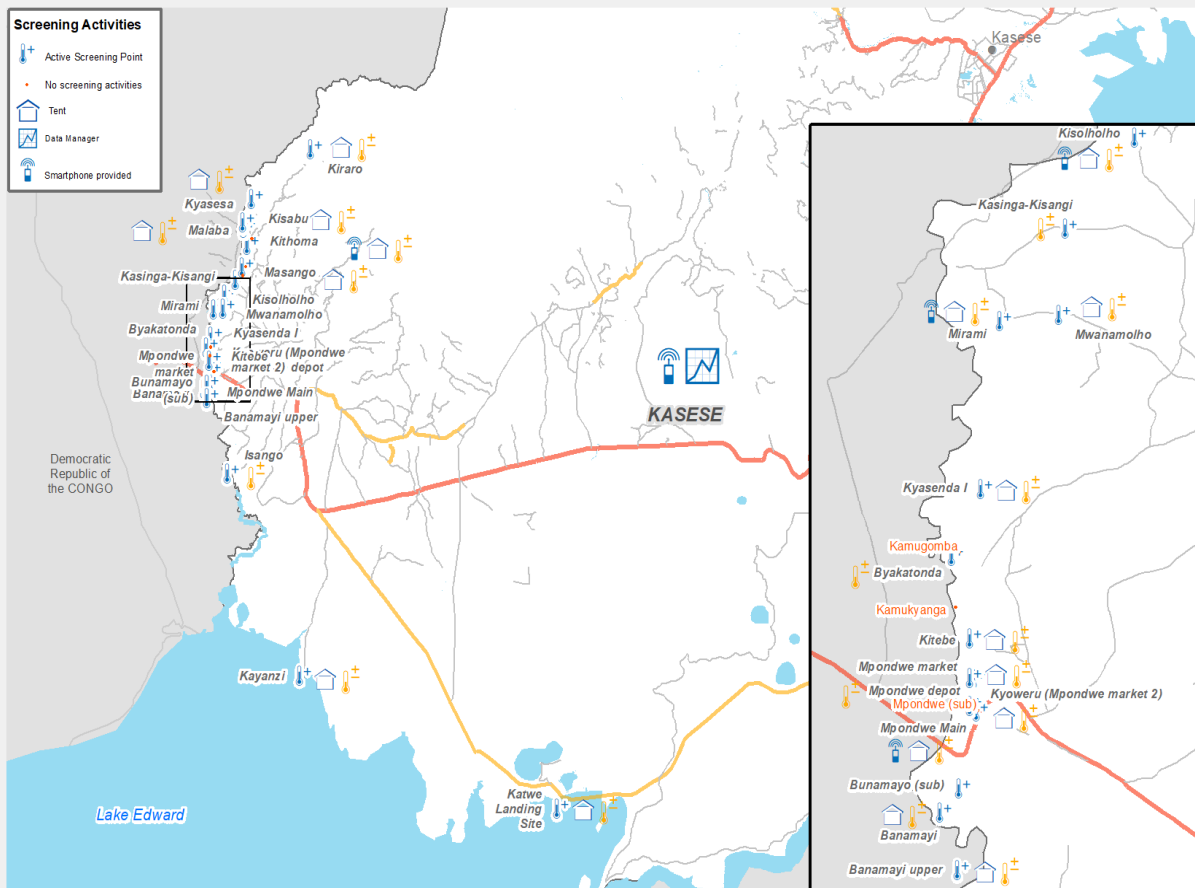
OVERVIEW

Screening operation

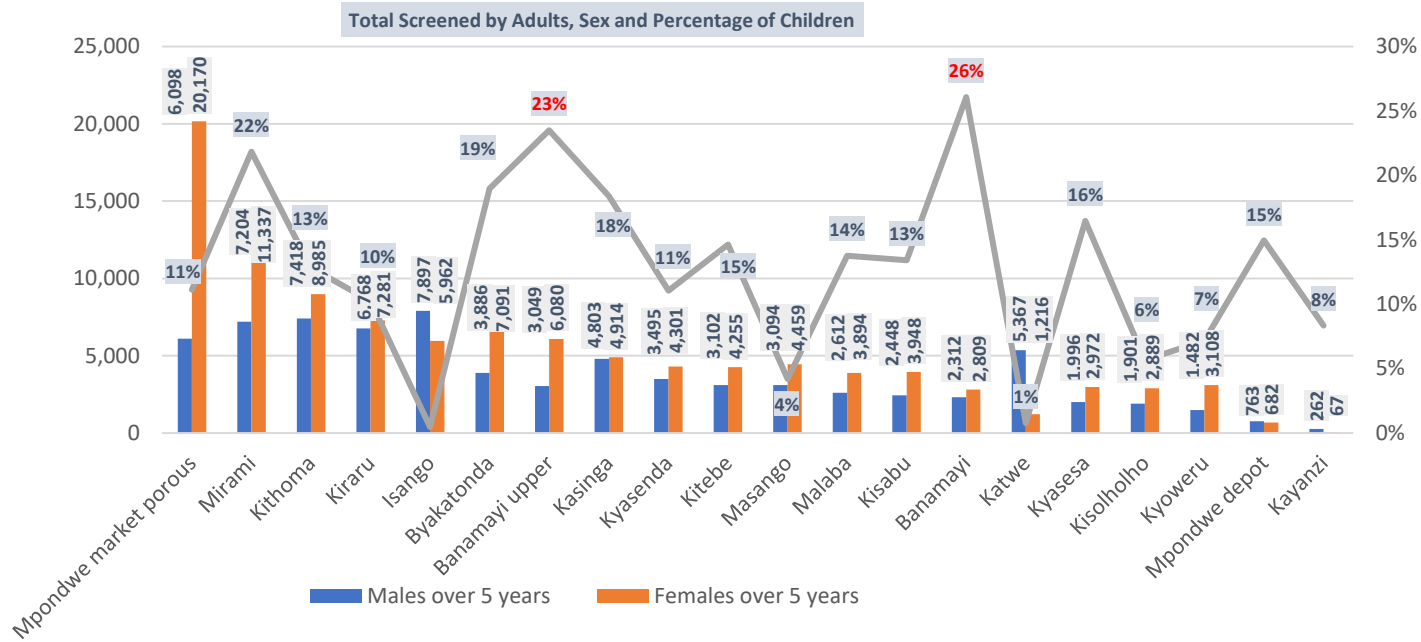
- Kasese has twenty-nine (29) PoEs referenced and of these, twenty (22) PoEs have screening operations in place. Mpondwe main is the only official PoE and attracts the highest flow (197,863 screenings). Given the high numbers at Mpondwe main, there is no data disaggregation by sex or age.
- A total of **408,706** screenings have been completed at twenty-two (22) PoEs bordering to the Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC).
- Mpondwe main and Mpondwe market porous account for 55% of the total flow.

Demographic

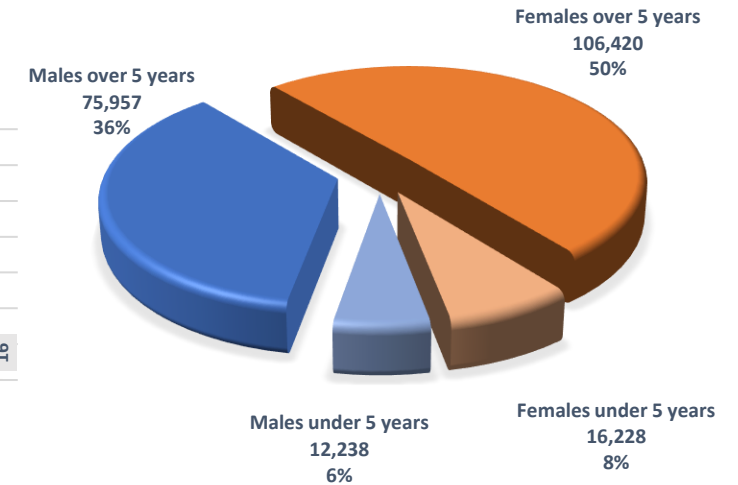
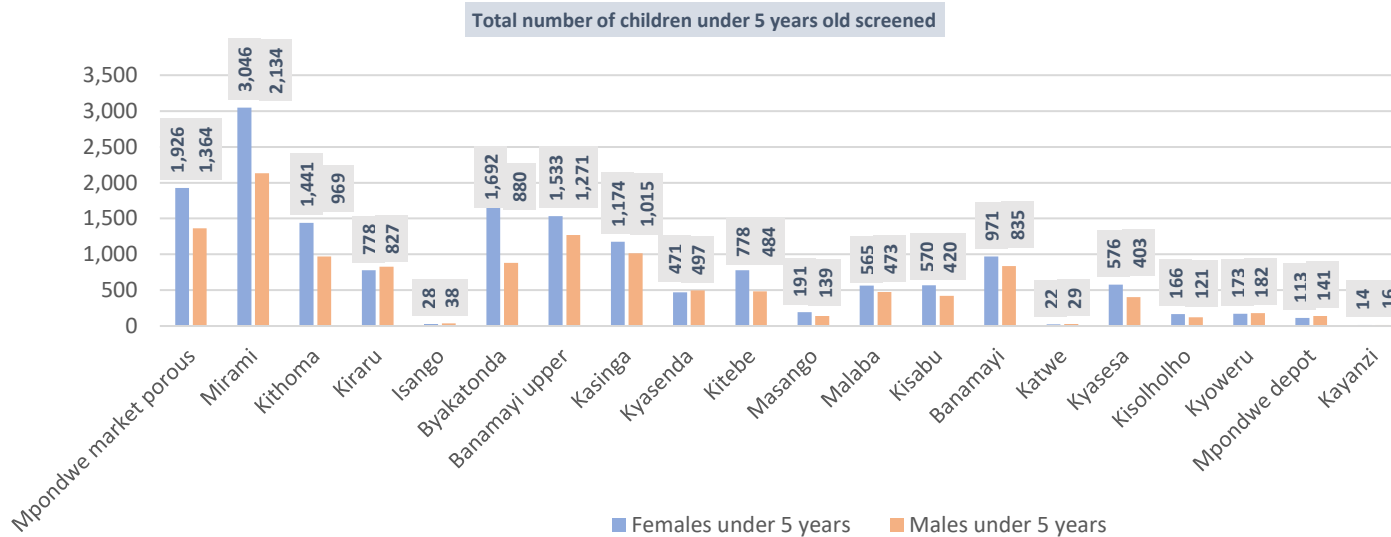
- Ratio of adult males and adult females was 36:50
- 28,466 children under 5 years old were registered during this period (14%)
- Mpondwe market porous registered the highest ratio of adult females to adult males (68:21). This is because of the nature of business in the market dominated by women.



DETAILS PER POE



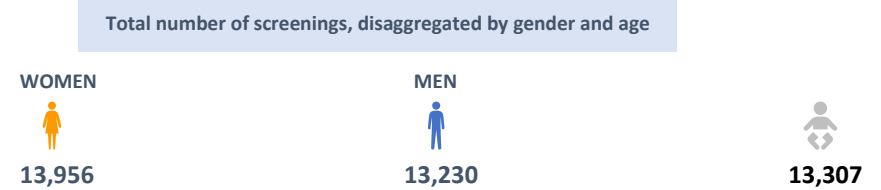
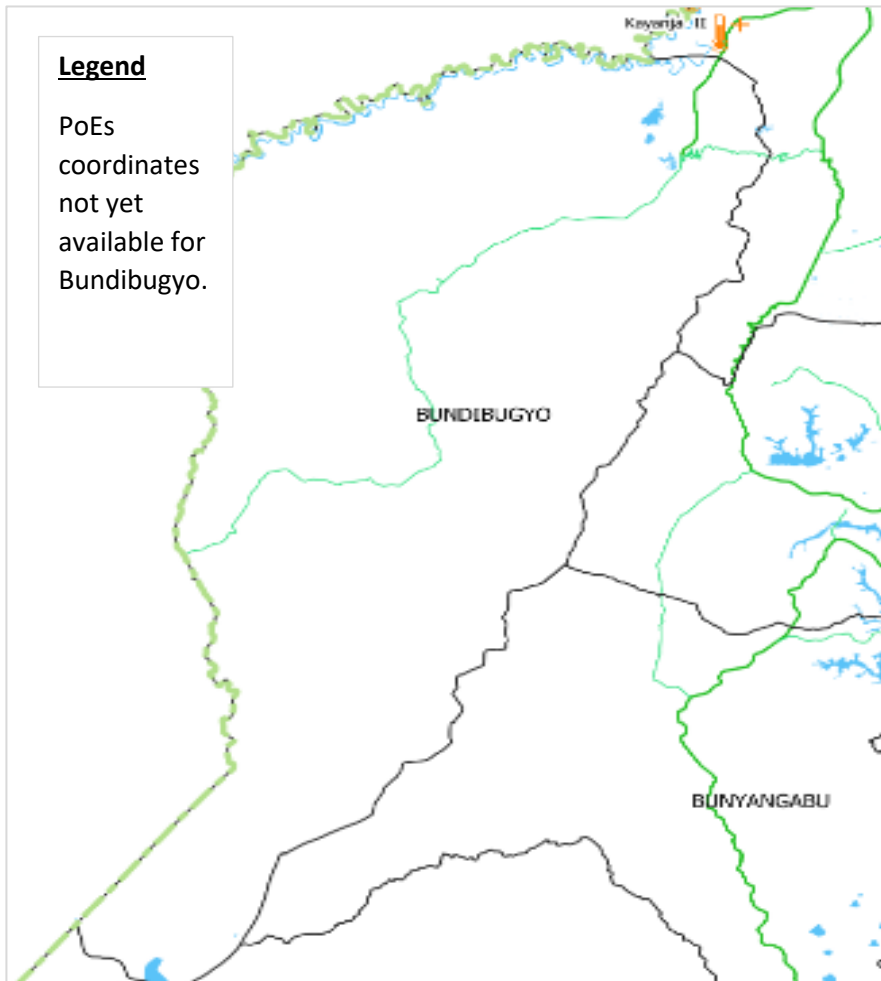
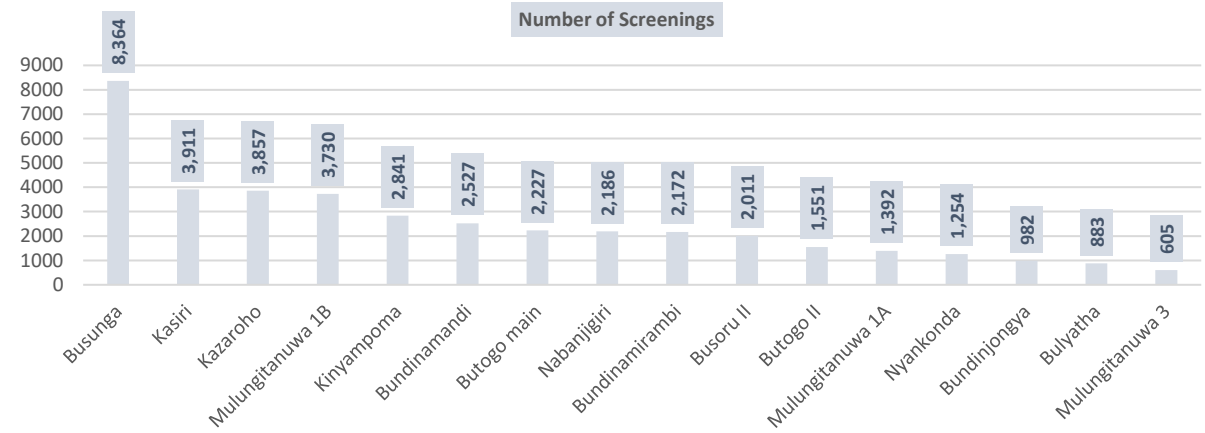
The disparity in the breakdown of flows in the different PoEs can be explained by the land configuration and the type of PoE, whether it is formal or informal. The type of access road (main road or rural road) also influences the type of flow as well as the reason for travel. Presence of markets and agricultural activities act as pull factor and may attract more female than male adults depending on the type of activity. Where family ties across the border are strong, many movements are motivated by family visits.



Ebola Virus Disease PoE Preparedness at Screening Points – BUNDIBUGYO District

Number of (from 12 August to 25 August 2019)		
Screenings	Persons isolated	Persons referred
40,493	0	0

Cumulative since 08 April 2019		
40,493	0	0



OVERVIEW

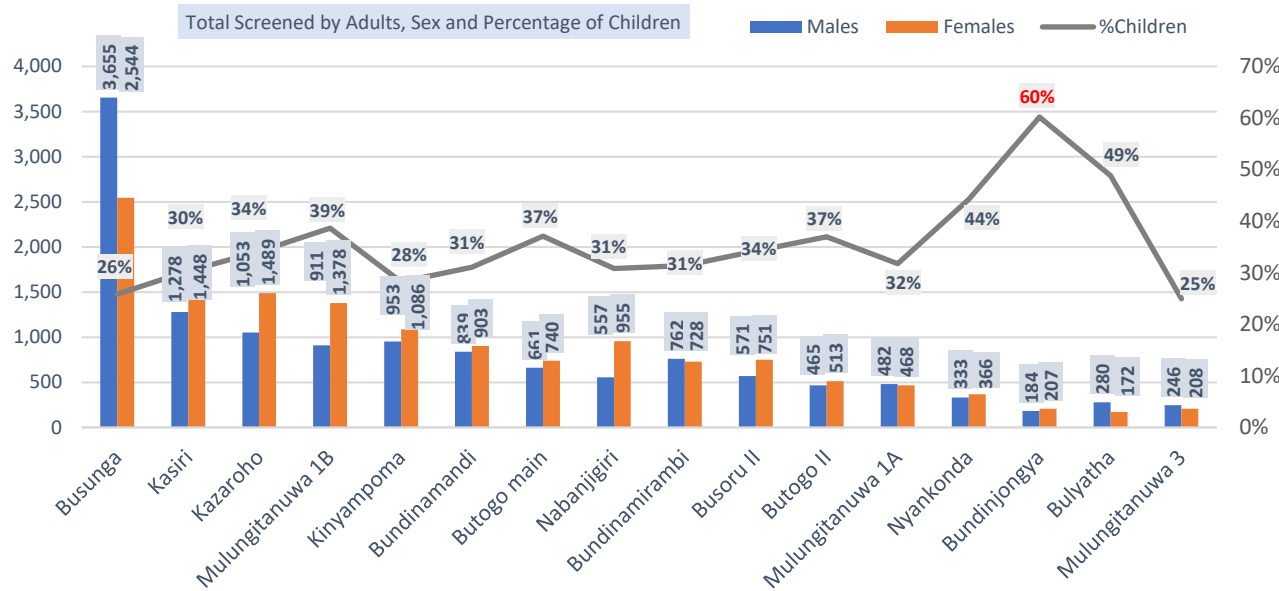
Screening operation

- Bundibugyo has sixteen (16) Points of Entry (PoEs) which are actively screening. Only one PoE (Busunga) is an official.
- A total of **40,493** screenings have been completed at sixteen (16) PoEs at the border with the Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC).
- Busunga registered approximately 21% of the flow and the highest number of persons screened (8,364).

Demographic

- Ratio of adult males and adult females 33:35.
- 32% of the flow were children under 5 years old.
- 60% of the flow in Bundijongya were children under 5 years old. Similarly, Nyankonda and Bulyatha registered significantly more children ratios than adults (49 and 44% respectively).

DETAILS PER POE



The type of flows is influenced by an array of factors such as; the land configuration (mountainous, forest...) and the type of PoE (formal or informal), the type of access road (main road or rural road) as well as the reason for travelling. The presence of markets and agricultural activities is a pull factor and may attract more adult women than adult men.

It is worth noting that the high influx of children under 5 years in Bundijongya, Nyankonda, Bulyatha, and other PoEs in Bundibugyo is attributable to children crossing to attend school in Uganda in the morning and evening.

