



IOM SOUTH SUDAN UPDATE



IOM South Sudan's Shelter team distributed essential aid items to people in need in Pieri, Jonglei. © IOM/ Tupaz 2018



1,840,000

South Sudanese internally displaced persons
(OCHA figures)



2,465,800

South Sudanese refugees in neighbouring countries
(UNHCR figures)



38,418

Health consultations conducted



1,285 metric tonnes

Cargo transported for IOM & partners



89,380

People provided safe drinking water

SITUATION OVERVIEW

Despite South Sudan's developing peace process, the humanitarian situation in the country remained dire throughout the month of September with loss of life and fresh displacements (both internal and across international borders) continuing. In Juba, support to the displaced community, who were relocated in August from Protection of Civilian (PoC) site 3 to Mangateen as a security measure due to intercommunal tensions, remained a priority. As the Ebola disease outbreak in the Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC) continued to spread in North Kivu, an area near to South Sudan and Uganda, the humanitarian community in South Sudan began vital Ebola preparedness and prevention activities. South Sudan continues to be one of the most dangerous places to deliver aid. On 03 September 2018, a national staff of a non-governmental organization (NGO) was killed in an armed ambush in Limbe, Yei County, Central Equatoria.

September Highlights

- ✔ Ebola prevention measures began in South Sudan with three border screening points established
- ✔ Nearly 160,000 people reached with WASH services throughout South Sudan

EBOLA RESPONSE

IOM deployed teams, comprising of health, displacement tracking, and water, sanitation and hygiene experts, to South Sudan's borders with the Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC) and Uganda as part of the humanitarian community Ebola disease prevention measures. In September, they established three active screening sites of an initially planned eight population flow monitoring points at Yei Airport, Yei SSRRC Office – a location where returning refugee groups are registered, and Kaya, Morobo County, Western Equatoria. These activities are complimented with basic WASH infrastructure development, latrines and handwashing facilities with clean water supply. IOM initiated the Displacement Tracking Matrix's (DTM) flow monitoring component at screening points to inform on the general migration trends such as number of people crossing the border at these points and departure and destination locations. IOM supported efforts to share messaging on Ebola prevention and detection with communities along the border. IOM's Ebola preparedness efforts in South Sudan are funded by the United States Agency for International Development (USAID).



monitoring & screening



detection & quarantine



618

health screenings conducted at three IOM Border Points with zero suspected or confirmed cases

DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX (DTM)

Following the conclusion of the Mangateen relocation, the DTM team conducted temporary registration in Juba PoC1 and PoC3, Central Equatoria, sites. This exercise served as the fixing stage for the biometric registration/verification exercise in both PoCs, which was still ongoing at the end of the month. Staff from UNHCR, ACTED and the World Food Programme (WFP) supported the exercise. From 13 to 15 September, DTM verified the Bor PoC, Jonglei, population and registered new arrivals, with a total of 2,506 individuals processed (592 newly registered). From 24 to 26 September 2018, DTM processed 1,546 individuals in Bentiu, Unity, in cooperation with protection partner, Danish Refugee Council (DRC), to register new arrivals and newborns, to replace lost cards and to change checkpoints. Precise biometric numbers enable a more efficient allocation of humanitarian resources by ensuring accurate population figures are available to target programming.

3,379

people biometrically registered during relocation from Protection of Civilians (PoC) site 3 in Juba to Mangateen, following intercommunal fighting in the PoC site



890 women

334 men

2,155 children

LOGISTICS



1,285 metric tonnes of humanitarian cargo delivered



to **37** humanitarian partners throughout South Sudan



totalling **16,165** MT of cargo transported in 2018

CAMP COORDINATION & CAMP MANAGEMENT (CCCM)

The camp management team in Wau protection of civilians (PoC) site, Western Bahr el Ghazal, hosted townhall meetings on health, education and community ownership of communal facilities, including their basic maintenance. At the start of September, the Women's Participation Pilot Project team presented their findings at the launch of IOM's gender-based violence (GBV) in crisis framework in Geneva. The findings of the project, which focused on gender-based violence mitigation through women and girls' empowerment at different levels of camp management, included the need for regular mapping of women's community participation and leadership within the site, trainings and capacity building on leadership and decision-making, fuel efficient stoves, adult education and learning centres, quick impact projects for income generation, and purposeful inclusion of disabled women and girls.

CCCM CLUSTER

In Juba, the cluster supported operational activities during the relocation of nearly 3,380 displaced people from PoC 3 to Mangateen, Central Equatoria. The cluster cluster began working on the 2019 South Sudan Humanitarian Needs Overview, which will outline the country's humanitarian needs and the funding required to address them throughout next year.



Shelters in Wau PoC site © IOM/Headon 2018

WATER, SANITATION & HYGIENE (WASH)

IOM installed a surface water treatment (SWAT) system, which is now operational, in Wangkai, Mayom, Unity, providing 40 m³/day of clean water and reaching around 2,500 individuals. IOM distributed WASH aid items to 710 households and dignity kits to 1,131 women and girls at high risk of violence, including adolescence girls in school, young mothers, women with disability, and women headed household, in Kapoeta, Mayom and Magwi, Eastern Equatoria. IOM expanded community participatory activities in Twic, Magwi, Mayom, Kapoeta, Wau and Juba. The WASH team also trained 40 Water Management Committees, 14 hand pump mechanics, carried out 19 mass media campaigns, and helped 15 hygiene promotion events in schools in Juba, Kapoeta, Wau and Mayom. Some eight gender-based violence prevention dialogues and awareness raising events such as music dance and drama on women's participation and leadership, a football tournament and a radio talk show were carried out in Juba through AYA, IOM's partner.

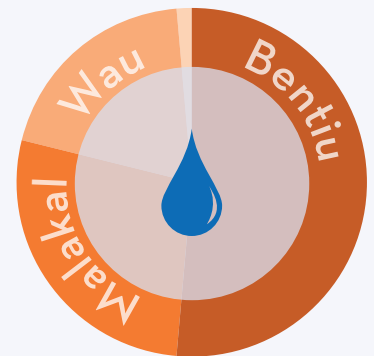
CORE PIPELINE

In support of the WASH Cluster, IOM manages 50 per cent of the WASH core pipeline in South Sudan. During September, the IOM WASH core pipeline supported 10 WASH Cluster partners, including IOM, to provide WASH services to conflict affected populations in 13 locations (Juba, Fashoda, Malakal, Tambura, Uror, Fangak, Rubkona, Wau, Raga, Renk, Pigi Canal, Jur River, Awerial).



15,500 people benefitted from 31 new and rehabilitated boreholes, located in Wau, Twic, Mayom, Magwi and Juba

In September, IOM provided
WASH Services to
159,599 individuals



116,725
Bentiu PoC site

17,373
Wau PoC site

24,402
Malakal PoC site

1,099
Nazareth, Wau

MIGRATION MANAGEMENT

Two consultants, supported by IOM, working on South Sudan's migration policy development arrived in Juba and began discussions with the relevant Government committee. IOM set up two prefabs for the Directorate of Nationality, Passports and Immigration (DNPI) Nimule office in Eastern Equatoria, delivered two motorbikes and installed four security solar lights in the same office.

SHELTER & NON-FOOD ITEMS (S-NFI)

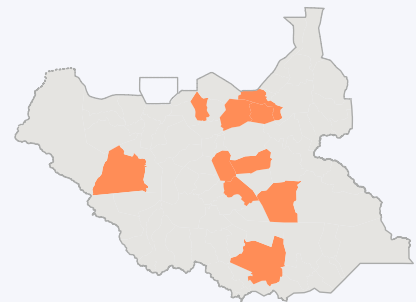
The S-NFI team supported 549 displaced people during a relocation from PoC 3 in Juba to Mangateen by providing emergency kits, which included blankets, mosquito nets, jerrycans, soap and household items, and supervising construction of communal shelters in the new site. In Pieri, Jonglei, the S-NFI team distributed sleeping mats, mosquito nets, kangas and blankets to 500 households (approximately 3,246 individuals: 2119 women (65%) and 1,127 men (35%)) in coordination with IOM's water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH) team. In Wau, the S-NFI team distributed aid items to 390 households (2,358 individuals), who recently arrived in Bazia from Western Equatoria. Also, in Wau, the team completed the repair of 28 communal shelters in the cathedral collective centre - 28 communal shelters were repaired, reaching 146 households (579 individuals).

S-NFI CLUSTER

The S-NFI Cluster partners carried out coordinated assessments and distributions, particularly in Greater Upper Nile, Greater Equatoria and Lakes. Through partners, the S-NFI Cluster is monitoring the situation of people relocated to Mangateen site, Juba, to provide shelter support.

S-NFI CLUSTER in SEPTEMBER

- 23 assessments
- 14 distributions
- 12 locations
- 20 partner-held distributions



RAPID RESPONSE FUND (RRF)

The [Rapid Response Fund \(RRF\)](#) is supported by USAID's Office of U.S. Foreign Disaster Assistance. Three new partners started projects with funding from RRF this month: Wadeng Wing of Hope (WWoH), Women Aid Vision (WAV) and Civil Society Human Rights Organisation (CSHRO); focusing on food security and livelihoods, prevention of gender-based violence, and child protection, prevention of gender-based violence and psychosocial support services for displaced people, respectively. GOAL South Sudan completed its RRF-funded health and nutrition project in Ulang County and provided urgently needed services for approximately 28,000 internally displaced persons. The RRF team held a proposal writing training for 12 national NGOs, where participants learned more about the Fund's Guidelines and how to improve their proposal writing skills.

-  **Action for Development (AFOD):** implementing emergency nutrition activities for displaced people and host community members in Wau County, Western Bahr el Ghazal.
-  **Humanitarian Aid for Change and Transformation (HACT):** providing urgent WASH activities for displaced people and nutrition centres in Pibor County, Jonglei, complementing ongoing health projects in the area.
-  **ACTED:** addressing flood control issues in Mingkaman, Lakes, working closely with displaced people and host community members.
-  **Care for Children and Old Age South Sudan (CCOSS):** distributed household and WASH relief items to internally displaced people and is conducting hygiene promotion activities in Yirol East, Lakes.
-  **Women Aid Vision (WAV):** implementing child protection in emergencies services in Yirol East, Lakes.
-  **Wadeng Wing of Hope (WWoH):** providing food security and livelihood interventions for IDPs on 15 islands in Duk County, Jonglei.
-  **Civil Society Human Rights Organisation (CSHRO):** responding to child protection, prevention of gender-based violence, and psychosocial support needs of IDPs in Tambura County, Western Equatoria.



-  NUTRITION
-  HEALTH
-  WASH
-  NFI
-  FSL
-  PROTECTION

HEALTH



38,418
health consultations
conducted in September



85,570
children (aged 0-15) vaccinated
for polio and measles in Bentiu

In September, the Wau health team accessed IOM's clinics in Farajalla and Bazia, Greater Baggare, Western Bahr el Ghazal, for the first time in three months. The clinic had been looted but all members of the health team living in the area were accounted for. IOM delivered much needed medical supplies and resumed health services in both clinics, as well as IOM's clinic in Gedi Primary Health Care Unit (PHCU), Bazia County. IOM assessed and responded to the health needs of a new group of people in Tirga clinic in Bazia Payam, Bazia County, displaced from Western Equatoria.

IN FOCUS



SPLA get tested for HIV during UNAIDS "Right to Health" campaign in Bor. © IOM/Headon 2018

IOM Supports UNAIDS "Right to Health" Campaign

In September, UNAIDS launched the 'Right to Health' campaign on HIV testing and treatment for uniformed forces in Jonglei. Already supporting this group to know their status and access HIV/AIDS treatment, IOM is a key operational partner in the campaign. The joint UN campaign is carried out in coordination with the Government of South Sudan, including the Ministry of Health, Ministry of Interior and the South Sudan AIDS Commission (SSAC). The campaign targets people in the South Sudanese armed and uniformed forces and Ministry of Interior - which includes the military, police and prisons, fire brigade and wild life services - as well as their families and communities living near military barracks in Jonglei. IOM kicked off the campaign in Bor, Jonglei, supporting outreach teams from within the uniformed forces and Ministry of Health. Jointly trained by the Ministry of Health, WHO and the United Nations Mission in South Sudan (UNMISS) HIV Department, these teams set up temporary voluntary and counselling sites. They provided pre- and post-counselling and referrals for HIV positive cases to nearest Ante-retroviral Therapy (ART) facility. On the first day of the campaign (26/09), some 60 personnel in the military forces (55 men and 5 women) were tested. Read more about the campaign [here](#).

MENTAL HEALTH & PSYCHOSOCIAL SUPPORT (MHPSS)

In Malakal, Upper Nile, and Wau, Western Bahr el Ghazal, IOM identified 1682 new at-risk children and adult cases, and assisted them with MHPSS services, reaching an overall total of 68,562 people (directly and indirectly) throughout the month. Twenty-four new support groups were formed in Malakal and Wau, including a group for teen mothers. This is in addition to four focus group discussions held for young mothers in displacement sites and the host community (Jebel Kheir) in preparation for the of the National Strategic plan to end child marriage. The support group of people with special needs conducted an awareness session on protection and prevention of HIV/ AIDS attended by 22 young people in Wau PoC. Two social workers from the National and State Level Ministry of Gender, Child and Social Welfare participated in a regional training of trainers on Human Trafficking in Kenya. They will roll-out the training in South Sudan with IOM's support. Government social workers also held 17 awareness sessions in the communities around Wau on teenage pregnancy and early marriage, women's rights, importance of girl's education, adult education, sexual exploitation, and peace and reconciliation.

NETWORK/ TECHNICAL WORKING GROUP

The MHPSS Working Group started a formal cooperation with Juba University for short term training programmes and the creation of a master's programme in clinical psychology, which are due to begin next year.

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Meet Anthony: a key member of our MHPSS team in Wau

Anthony is one of more than 18,000 people currently living in a displacement site on the grounds of a cathedral in Wau. He and his family, like everyone else living in makeshift shelters in the site, were forced to flee their home due to the ongoing civil war. Experiencing conflict and displacement can take a massive toll on a person's wellbeing and mental health leading to distress and anxiety. Each week, Anthony passes his innovative shoe-making craft onto young people and adults—mostly men—interested in learning a new skill and translating it into a productive output. Most of his students take part in the different support groups IOM offers to vulnerable people living in the cathedral site. But learning this craft is not limited to support group members, they also encourage their family members and neighbours to gain this skill. This gives their families and communities a means of supporting themselves and becoming independent. Read Anthony's full story [here](#).

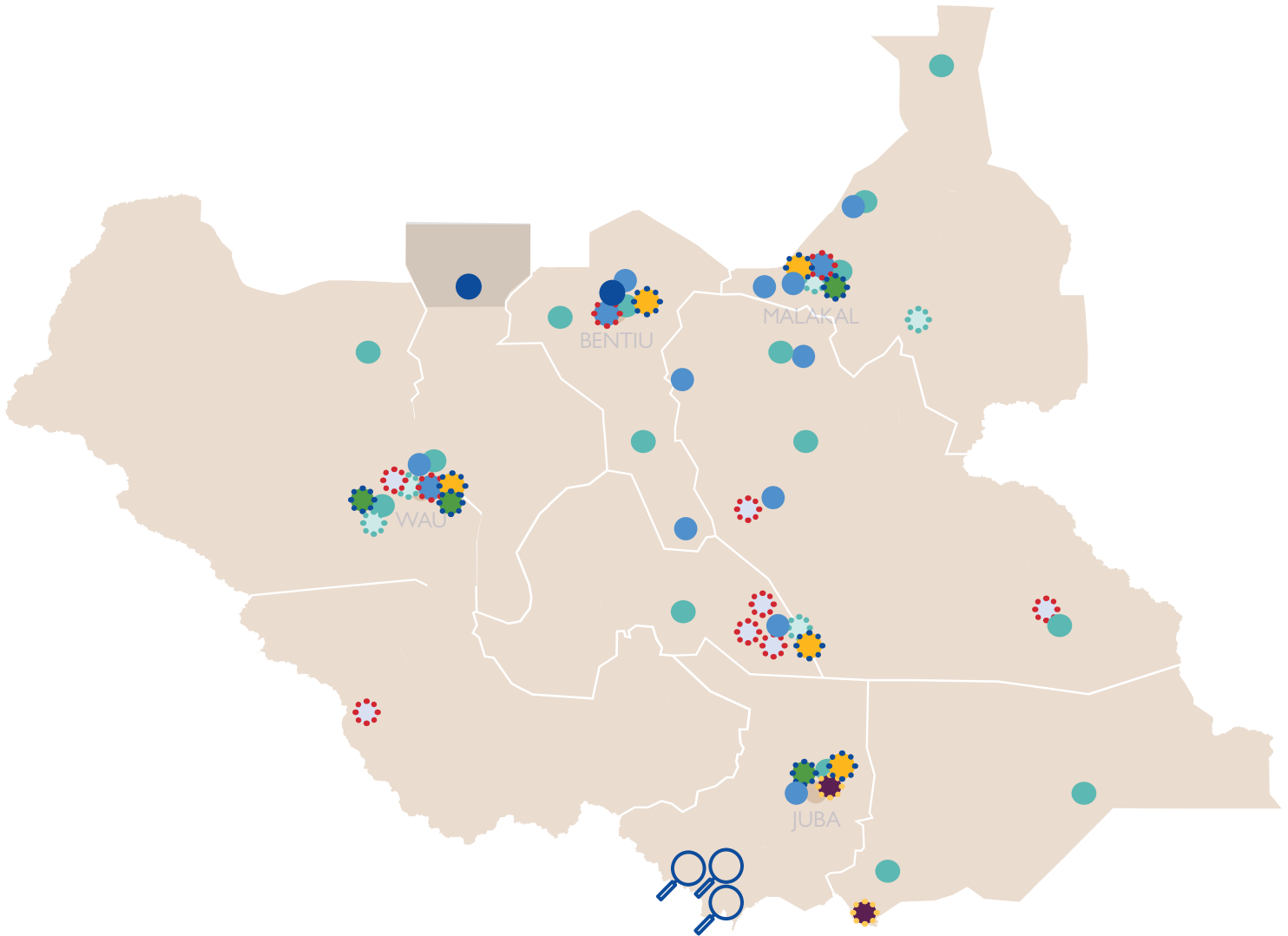
TRANSITION & RECOVERY

A groundbreaking ceremony was held for the construction of a primary health care center, which IOM is supporting, in Jebel Kher, Wau. In Abyei Administrative Area, IOM continues to support and monitor the activities of school peace clubs. This month, the students organized different activities, including art, drama, songs and games, which they use to share messages of peace. The implementing partners of the Beyond Bentiu project, with the support of IOM and UNDP, have selected more than 1000 people out of 5,000 applications for livelihood and vegetable farming support. Local authorities, community leaders, representatives from the youth union and staff of the implementing partners formed the selection committee that reviewed the applications coming from Bentiu and Rubkona towns, Unity. A similar process was instituted in the Bentiu PoC site with the involvement of youth and community leaders.



Village savings & loan association meeting in Tim Atiep © IOM 2018

IOM FIELD OPERATIONS



IOM Programmatic Activities in September

- WASH
- Health
- S/NFI
- CCCM
- DTM
- MHPSS
- TRU
- MMU
- Logs/CTS
- RRF
- Ebola Monitoring Location

Funding for IOM South Sudan's Operations is provided by

