# Philippines

females

14 600

11 600

males

21 800

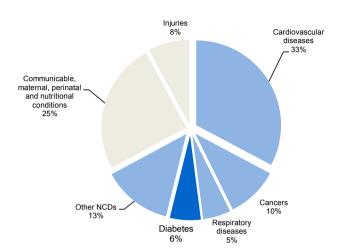
7 960

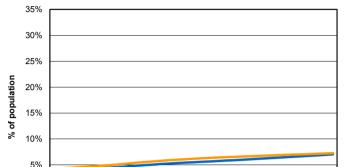
Mortality

#### Number of diabetes deaths

	males	females
ages 30–69	11 800	9 910
ages 70+	4 260	7 320

## Proportional mortality (% of total deaths, all ages)





Number of deaths attributable to high blood glucose

Trends in age-standardized prevalence of diabetes



## Prevalence of diabetes and related risk factors

	males	females	total
Diabetes	5.5%	6.1%	5.8%
Overweight	19.9%	24.7%	22.3%
Obesity	3.4%	6.1%	4.7%
Physical inactivity	11.5%	17.3%	14.4%

ages 30-69

0%

ages 70+

# National response to diabetes

### Policies, guidelines and monitoring

Operational policy/strategy/action plan for diabetes	Yes
Operational policy/strategy/action plan to reduce overweight and obesity	Yes
Operational policy/strategy/action plan to reduce physical inactivity	Yes
Evidence-based national diabetes guidelines/protocols/standards	Available and partially implemented
Standard criteria for referral of patients from primary care to higher level of care	Available and partially implemented
Diabetes registry	Yes
Recent national risk factor survey in which blood glucose was measured	Yes

### Availability of medicines, basic technologies and procedures in the public health sector

## Medicines in primary care facilities

Insulin	0
Metformin	•
Sulphonylurea	٠
Procedures	
Retinal photocoagulation	0
Renal replacement therapy by dialysis	0
Renal replacement therapy by transplantation	0

# Basic technologies in primary care facilities

Dasic technologies in prinary care facilities		
Blood glucose measurement	•	
Oral glucose tolerance test	0	
HbA1c test	0	
Dilated fundus examination	0	
Foot vibration perception by tuning fork	0	
Foot vascular status by Doppler	0	
Urine strips for glucose and ketone measurement	0	

 $\bigcirc$  = not generally available  $\bigcirc$  = generally available

World Health Organization – Diabetes country profiles, 2016.