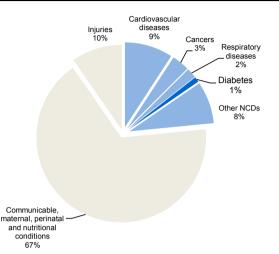
# Democratic Republic of the Congo

Mortality\*

#### Number of diabetes deaths

	males	females
ages 30–69	2 370	2 790
ages 70+	1 050	1 890

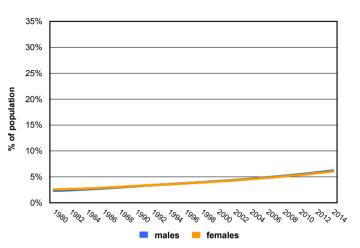
#### Proportional mortality (% of total deaths, all ages)\*



# Number of deaths attributable to high blood glucose

	males	females
ages 30–69	5 490	5 290
ages 70+	3 030	4 480

#### Trends in age-standardized prevalence of diabetes



# Prevalence of diabetes and related risk factors

	males	females	total
Diabetes	4.2%	4.3%	4.3%
Overweight	12.0%	24.3%	18.2%
Obesity	1.4%	5.9%	3.7%
Physical inactivity	21.8%	28.1%	25.0%

## National response to diabetes

#### Policies, guidelines and monitoring

Operational policy/strategy/action plan for diabetes	ND
Operational policy/strategy/action plan to reduce overweight and obesity	ND
Operational policy/strategy/action plan to reduce physical inactivity	ND
Evidence-based national diabetes guidelines/protocols/standards	ND
Standard criteria for referral of patients from primary care to higher level of care	ND
Diabetes registry	ND
Recent national risk factor survey in which blood glucose was measured	ND

#### Availability of medicines, basic technologies and procedures in the public health sector

## Medicines in primary care facilities

Insulin	ND	
Metformin	ND	
Sulphonylurea	ND	
Procedures		
Retinal photocoagulation	ND	
Renal replacement therapy by dialysis	ND	
Renal replacement therapy by transplantation	ND	

\* The mortality estimates for this country have a high degree of uncertainty because they are not based on any national NCD mortality data (see Explanatory Notes).

ND = country did not respond to country capacity survey

○ = not generally available • = generally available

World Health Organization – Diabetes country profiles, 2016.

## Basic technologies in primary care facilities

Dasie technologies in prinary care facilities		
ND		