

IN-DEPTH LOOK AT HIV PREVALENCE IN LESOTHO



The 2014 LDHS once again included HIV testing among women and men, to track trends in HIV prevalence among the general population, and for the first time, to provide an estimate of HIV incidence. The results of this testing will be used to refine HIV prevalence estimates based on the sentinel surveillance system and to allow better monitoring of the epidemic. Overall, 92% of LDHS respondents who were eligible for testing were both interviewed and tested.



Overall, **25%** of Basotho adults age 15-49 are **infected with HIV**.



HIV prevalence is **higher among women (30%)** than men (19%), across residences.

Trends in HIV Prevalence among Women Percent of women age 15-49 who are HIV-positive



Prevalence among **women** has **increased**, from **26%** in 2004 to **30%** in 2014. This is a **statistically significant** change.



HIV prevalence **ranges** from a **low of 17%** in **Mokhotlong** to a **high of 28%** in **Maseru.**



Among both women and men, HIV prevalence increases with an increasing number of lifetime partners.











by the government of Lesotho, the United States Agency for International Development (USAID), the U.S. President's Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief (PEPFAR), the United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA), the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), the Global Fund to Fight AIDS, Tuberculosis and Malaria (Global Fund), the World Bank, and the World Health Organization (WHO). ICF International provided technical assistance through The DHS Program, a USAID-funded project providing support and technical assistance in the implementation of population and health surveys in countries worldwide.

Photo credits: © Maletsuyane Falls near Semonkong, Lesotho, is provided courtesy of Joanna Lowell, ICF International.