

DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO

Factsheets of Health Statistics 2016



African
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Africa

DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO
Health status and trends

Introduction

Population (Source: UN 2015)			Population (Source: WHO 2015)				
Population (in thousands) total	Population		Population				
	2000	49,626	2010	2011	2012	2013	
	2001	50,989	Population proportion (%)				
	2002	52,491					
	2003	54,098					
	2004	55,755					
	2005	57,421					
	2006	59,088					
	2007	60,772					
	2008	62,475					
	2009	64,204					
	2010	65,966					
	2011	67,758	Aged over 60 %	4	4	5	5
2012	65,705	Aged 15-59 %	49	50	50	51	
2015	77,267	Aged under 15%	46	46	45	45	

Health status and trends

Life expectancy (Source: WHO 2015)						
	1990			2013		
	Both sexes	Female	Male	Both sexes	Female	Male
Healthy Life expectancy at birth (years)				44	46	43
Life expectancy at age 60 (years)	15	16	14	15	16	15
Life expectancy at birth (years)	49	51	48	52	54	51

Adult mortality (Source: WHO 2015)						
	1990			2013		
	Both sexes	Female	Male	Both sexes	Female	Male
Adult mortality rate (probability of dying between 15 and 60 years per 1000 population)	372	345	401	349	320	379

Maternal mortality (Source: WHO 2015)							Child mortality (Source: WHO 2015)			
	1990	1995	2000	2005	2013	2015	1990	2000	2015	
	Maternal mortality ratio (per 100 000 live births)	1,000	1,100	1,100	930	730				693
							115	115	75	

Age standardized deaths (Source: WHO 2015)			
		2000	2012
Age-standardized mortality rate by cause (per 100 000 population)	All Causes	1,978.5	1,782.2
	Communicable	1,154.5	920.7
	Noncommunicable diseases	679.9	724.4
	Injuries	144.0	137.1
	Malignant neoplasms (CANCER)		108.1
	Cardiovascular diseases		359.6
	Chronic Respiratory diseases		61.4
	Diabetes mellitus		33.3

Burden of disease (Source: WHO 2015)			
		2000	2012
Distribution of years of life lost by major cause group (%)	Communicable	81	75
	Noncommunicable diseases	11	15
	Injuries	8	10

Democratic Republic of the Congo

Progress on the MDGs

Health MDGs

MDG - 4: Reduce child mortality

Target 4.A: Reduce by two thirds, between 1990 and 2015, the under-five mortality rate
(Source: WHO, 2015)

	1990	2015	MDG Target 2015	Reduction (%)	Progress on the MDGs
Under-five mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 live births)	176	98	67	48	Not achieved
Measles (MCV) immunization coverage among 1-year-olds (%)	38	77	100	103	Not achieved

MDG - 5: Improve maternal health

Target 5.A: Reduce by three quarters, between 1990 and 2015, the maternal mortality ratio
(Source: WHO, 2015)

	1990	2015	MDG Target 2015	Reduction (%)	Progress on the MDGs
Maternal mortality ratio (per 100 000 live births)	879	693	75	21	Not achieved

Target 5.B: Achieve, by 2015, universal access to reproductive health
(Source: WHO, 2015)

	2007-2014	MDG Target 2015	Progress on the MDGs
Births attended par skilled health personnel (%)	80.00	90.00	Not achieved
Antenatal care coverage at least one visit	89.00	100.00	Not achieved
Unmet need for family planning (%)	24.00	0.00	Not achieved

MDG - 6: Combat HIV/AIDS, malaria and other diseases

Target 6.A: Have halted by 2015 and begun to reverse the spread of HIV/AIDS
Target 6.B: Achieve, by 2010, universal access to treatment for HIV/AIDS for all those who need it
Target 6.C: Have halted by 2015 and begun to incidence of malaria and other major diseases
(Source: WHO, 2015)

	1990	2000	2007	2014	MDG Target 2015	Reduction (%)	Progress on the MDGs
Incidence of HIV (%)		0.15		0.06	0.00	60.00	Achieved
Antiretroviral therapy coverage (%)			24.00	23.00	80.00		Not achieved
Malaria incidence (%)				12.90	75.00		Not achieved
Tuberculosis mortality rate (per 100 000 population per year)	74.00			68.00	50.00	25.27	Not achieved

Health-Related MDGs

MDG - 7: Ensure environment sustainability

Target 7.C: Halve, by the proportion of people without sustainable access to safe drinking water and basic sanitation
(Source: WHO, 2015)

	1990	2015	MDG Target 2015	Reduction (%)	Progress on the MDGs
Population using improved drinking-water sources (%)	43.60	52.40	50.00	15.60	Not achieved
Population using improved Sanitation (%)	19.20	28.70	50.00	11.76	Not achieved

MDG - 1: Eradicate extreme poverty and hunger

Target 1.C: Halve, between 1990 and 2015, the proportion of people who suffer from hunger
(Source: WHO, 2015)

	1990-1995	2007-2014	MDG Target 2015	Reduction (%)	Progress on the MDGs
Children aged <5 years underweight (%)	30.7	23.4	50.0	23.8	Not achieved

Other MDGs

MDG - 2: Achieve Universal Primary Education

Target 2.A: Ensure that, by 2015, children everywhere, boys and girls alike, will be able to complete a full course of primary schooling
(Source: UNICEF, 2015)

	2007-2014	MDG Target 2015	Progress on the MDGs
Percentage of net enrolment ratio in primary education		100.0	Not on track

MDG - 3: Promote Gender Equality and Empower Women

Target 3.A: Eliminate gender disparity in primary and secondary education, preferably by 2005, and in all levels of education no later than 2015
(Source: UNICEF, 2015)

	2007-2014	MDG Target 2015	Progress on the MDGs
The gender parity index in percentage of net enrolment ratio in primary education	0.78	1.00	Not on track

MDG - 8: Develop a global partnership for development

Target 8.A: Develop further an open, rule-based, non discriminatory trading and financial system
Target 8.D: In cooperation with pharmaceutical companies, provide access to affordable essential drugs
(Source: World Bank, 2015)

	Private	Public
Median availability of selected generic medicines, 2007-2013	65.4	55.6
Median consumer price ratio of selected generic medicines, 2007-2013	2.3	2.0

	1990	2005	2011	2013
Official development assistance (ODA) received as percentage of GDP	9.60	25.70	38.48	9.40

DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO

The health system

Health financing

Source: WHO 2015

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
External resources for health as a percentage of total expenditure on health						2.10												50.80	52.40
General government expenditure on health as % of GDP									0.70	0.72	0.75	0.94	1.21	2.10	2.36	2.04	2.03	1.87	1.86
General government expenditure on health as a percentage of total expenditure on health						3.10												51.50	53.10
General government expenditure on health as a percentage of total government expenditure						1.80												12.90	12.90
Out-of-pocket expenditure as a percentage of total expenditure on health						54.80												32.50	32.70
Per capita government expenditure on health (PPP int. \$)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	3.00	3.00	4.00	5.00	7.00	12.00	14.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	14.00
Per capita government expenditure on health at average exchange rate (US\$)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	3.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	8.00	8.00	8.00
Per capita total expenditure on health (PPP int. \$)	17.00	16.00	18.00	20.00	17.00	6.00	11.00	11.00	14.00	16.00	16.00	18.00	20.00	26.00	33.00	28.00	26.00	25.00	26.00
Per capita total expenditure on health at average exchange rate (US\$)	4.00	4.00	5.00	6.00	11.00	19.00	6.00	5.00	6.00	7.00	7.00	9.00	10.00	15.00	17.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	16.00
Private prepaid plans as a percentage of private expenditure on health						0.00												2.30	2.40
Total expenditure on health as a percentage of gross domestic product						1.40												3.60	3.50

Service delivery

Source: WHO 2015

	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Smear-positive tuberculosis treatment-success rate (%)	72	74	48	64	70	69	78	77	78	83	85	85	86	87	87	88	90	87
Treatment success rate for new pulmonary smear-negative and extra..													3	84	85	86	87	89
Treatment success rate for retreatment tuberculosis cases	67	72	33	46	31	67			67	72	71	74	67	75	75	77	76	74

Health information, evidence and knowledge

Source: WHO 2015

	2007-2013
Percentage of civil registration coverage for births	28

Universal coverage

Source: WHO 2015

	2000	2012	2013
Out-of-pocket expenditure as a percentage of private expenditure on health	56.50	66.90	69.80
Private expenditure on health as a percentage of total expenditure on health	96.90	48.50	46.90

Source: UNSD, 2015

Distribution of censuses carried out in the last three census round (1985-1994, 1995-2004, 2005-2015)	0 Census
Plan of census data, 2005-2015	No census

Health workforce

Source: WHO 2015

	2004	2012
Dentistry personnel density (per 1000 population)	0.0030	
Health management & support workers density (per 1000 population)	0.2760	
Nursing and midwifery personnel density (per 1000 population)	0.5290	
Pharmaceutical personnel density (per 1000 population)	0.0220	0.0040
Physicians density (per 1000 population)	0.1070	

Medical products, vaccines, infrastructures and equipment

Source: WHO 2015

	2010	2013	2007-2013
Median availability of selected generic medicines (%)			121.00
Median consumer price ratio of selected generic medicines			4.30
Total density per 100 000 population: District/rural hospitals	0.44	0.43	
Total density per 100 000 population: Hospitals		0.45	
Total density per 100 000 population: Provincial hospitals	0.02	0.02	
Total density per million females aged from 50 to 69 years old: Mammography units	0.80		
Total density per million population: Computed tomography units	0.08	0.07	
Total density per million population: Gamma camera or Nuclear medicine	0.02	0.01	
Total density per million population: Linear Accelerator	0.02	0.01	
Total density per million population: Magnetic Resonance Imaging	0.00	0.00	
Total density per million population: Positron Emission tomography	0.00	0.00	
Total density per million population: Radiotherapy units	0.02	0.01	
Total density per million population: Telecobalt Unit	0.00	0.00	

Availability of national standards or recommended lists of medical devices	2010	For specific procedures
	2013	For different healthcare facilities
Health technology (medical device) national policy	2010	No
	2013	No
Types of lists recommending health technology for high burden diseases	2010	Non-communicable high burden diseases
	2013	No list available
Unit in the Ministry of Health responsible for the management of medical devices	2010	Yes
	2013	Yes

Leadership and governance

Source: WHO 2015

Comprehensive monitoring and evaluation plan	2012	No	
Health financing strategy	2013	Not started	
Status of national health accounts (NHA)	2013	Once	
National Health Strategic Plans	2011	2015	

DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO
Diseases control

HIV/AIDS (Source:WHO 2015)					HIV/AIDS (Source:WHO 2015)		
	2001	2012	2013	2014	2007-2013		
					Female	Male	
Deaths due to HIV/AIDS (per 100 000 population)	65.0	48.0	45.0				
Prevalence (%) of HIV/AIDS among adults 15-45 years	0.9	0.7		1.0	15	21	
HIV/AIDS incidence rate (per 100 000 population)	107.0	52.0	50.0				
Antiretroviral therapy coverage among people eligible for treatment (%)		31.0		23.0	9	16	

Tuberculosis (Source:WHO 2015)					Malaria (Source:WHO 2015)			
	2000	2011	2012	2014		2012	2013	2007-2013
Deaths due to tuberculosis (per 100 000 population) among HIV-negative people	61		54	69	Malaria mortality rate (per 100 000 population)	105	105	
Prevalence of tuberculosis (per 100 000 population)	611		576	532	Malaria incidence rate (per 100 000 population)	25999		
Tuberculosis incidence rate (per 100 000 population per year)	327		327	325	Children aged < 5 years (%) with fever who received treatment with any antimalarial			39
Case-detection rate for all forms of tuberculosis (%)	40		51	48	Children aged < 5years (%) sleeping under insecticide-treated nets			38
Smear-positive tuberculosis treatment-success rate (%)	78	87						

Neglected tropical diseases (Source:WHO 2015)															
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Number of new cases of leprosy	4028	4857	5027	7472	11797	10776	8257	8820	6115	5131	5097	3949	3607	3744	3272
Annual incidence of dracunculiasis cases													0	0	0

Neglected tropical diseases Certification (Source:WHO 2014)		
Dracunculiasis certification status of countries at the beginning of the year	2013	Countries not known to have dracunculiasis but yet to be certified
Status of endemicity for blinding trachoma	2012	Endemic

Noncommunicable diseases and conditions (Source:WHO 2014)			Noncommunicable diseases and conditions Age-standardized mortality rate by cause (per 100 000 population) (Source:WHO 2014)		
		2012		2012	
				Female	Male
Distribution of causes of intentional and non-intentional injuries (% of total DALYs)	Falls	0.5	noncommunicables diseases	693	763
	Fire, heat and hot substances	0.9	Cardiovascular diseases	362	351
	Intentional injuries	2.4	Malignant neoplasms (cancer)	103	121
	Other unintentional injuries	2.6	Chronic respiratory diseases	46	82
	Poisonings	0.4	Diabetes mellitus	36	30
	Road injury	1.4			
	Unintentional injuries	7.0			
Distribution of causes of neuropsychiatric burden of diseases (% of total DALYs)	Alcohol use disorders	0.3			
	Bipolar disorder	0.1			
	Drug use disorders	0.1			
	Epilepsy	0.7			
	Migraine	0.2			
	Multiple sclerosis	0.0			
	Neurological conditions	1.1			
	Other neurological conditions	0.2			
	Parkinson's disease	0.0			
	Schizophrenia	0.1			
Distribution of causes of non-communicable burden of diseases (% of total DALYs)	Unipolar depressive disorders	1.0			
	Cardiovascular diseases	3.9			
	Congenital anomalies	1.9			
	Diabetes mellitus	0.6			
	Digestive diseases	1.6			
	Endocrine, blood, immune disorders	1.8			
	Genitourinary diseases	0.8			
	Malignant neoplasms	1.6			
	Musculoskeletal diseases	1.0			
	Oral conditions	0.1			
	Other neoplasms	0.1			
	Respiratory diseases	1.9			
	Sense organ diseases	0.4			
Skin diseases	0.4				

DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO

Maternal, newborn and child care

Immunization

(Source: WHO/UNICEF coverage estimates for 1980-2014)

Immunization coverage among 1-year-olds (%)																						
	1980	1982	1984	1986	1988	1990	1992	1994	1996	1998	2000	2002	2004	2006	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	
BCG	57	62	62	51	59	65	32	46	25	25	57	50	68	72	78	85	89	74	88	95	90	
DTP3		17	27	32	41	35	23	26	18	18	40	38	54	62	65	72	60	74	75	74	80	
HepB3															65	72	60	74	75	74	80	
HibB3																72	60	74	75	74	80	
MCV	18	25	30	39	44	38	25	39	21	20	46	42	57	63	64	72	74	74	72	76	77	
PAB			25	37	51	53	38	52	43	50	45	61	67	66	75	85	77	70	70	75	82	
PCV																				13	31	61
Polio3	15	22	30	39	41	34	31	27	18	18	42	40	52	62	64	78	76	77	76	74	79	
RotV																						
YFV													25	50	57	70	68	51	65	64	65	

BCG : Bacille Calmette Guérin vaccine ; DTP3 : Third dose of diphtheria toxoid, tetanus toxoid and pertussis vaccine ; HepB3 : Third dose of hepatitis B vaccine ; Hib3 : Third dose of Haemophilus influenzae type B vaccine ; MCV : Measles-containing vaccine ; PAB : Protection at birth ; PCV3 : Third dose of pneumococcal conjugate vaccine ; Pol3 : Third dose of polio vaccine ; Yfv : Yellow fever ; RotaV : Rotavirus last dose (2nd or 3rd depending on schedule)

Causes of under-five death, nutrition and healthcare

(Source: WHO 2015)

Causes of death among children aged <5 years (%)																																
Birth asphyxia			Congenital			Diarrhoea			HIV/AIDS			Injuries			Malaria			Measles			Neonatal sepsis			Other diseases			Pneumonia			Prematurity		
2000	2005	2010	2000	2005	2010	2000	2005	2010	2000	2005	2010	2000	2005	2010	2000	2005	2010	2000	2005	2010	2000	2005	2010	2000	2005	2010	2000	2005	2010	2000	2005	2010
7	7	8	3	4	4	15	13	13	1	1	1	2	3	3	20	22	18	4	2	0	4	4	4	15	17	20	18	18	19	11	10	10

Infant and child nutrition		2014
Low-birthweight babies (% of births)		10
Early initiation of breastfeeding (%)		43
Complementary feed (%)		52
Children <6 months who are exclusively breastfeeding (%)		37
Children aged 6-59 months who received vitamin A supplementation (%)		98
Children aged <5 years underweight (%)		24
Children aged <5 years stunting (%)		44
Children aged <5 years wasting (%)		9

Care of children		2014
Children aged <5 years with ARI symptoms taken to a health facility (%)		40
Children aged <5 years with ARI symptoms who took antibiotic treatment (%)		42
Children aged <5 years with diarrhoea receiving ORT (%)		27
Children aged <5 years with fever who received treatment with any antimalarial (%)		39
Children aged <5 years sleeping under ITNs (%)		38

Main causes of maternal death and mortality

(Source: WHO 2015, UN Inter-Agency Group 2015)

Main causes of maternal death							
2014	Haemorrhage	Abortion	Embolism	Hypertension	Indirect	Other direct	Sepsis
	2500%	1000%	200%	1600%	2900%	900%	1000%

Under-5 mortality rate and maternal mortality												
	1990	1995	2000	2005	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	
Under-five mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 live births)	187	176	161	138	120	116	112	109	105	102	98	
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 live births)	120	115	107	96	87	85	83	81	78	77	75	
Stillbirth rate (per 1000 total births)					29							
Neonatal mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 live births)	42	40	39	37	34	33	32	32	31	31	30	
Maternal mortality ratio (per 100 000 live births)	879	914	874	787		794					693	

Reproductive healthcare, gender and women's health

(Source: WHO/UNICEF 2015)

Reproductive healthcare										
Antenatal care coverage - at least four visits (%)	Antenatal care coverage - at least one visit (%)	ARV coverage among HIV+ pregnant women for PMTCT (%)	Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)			Births by caesarean section (%)		Lifetime risk of maternal death (1 in N)		Postnatal care visit within two days of birth (%)
2013	2013	2013	2000	2010	2013	2010	2013	2013	2015	2007
45	89	33	70	80	80	7	7	23	24	80

Gender and women's health				Gender and women's health			
	2010	2013		1990	2000	2010	2013
Contraceptive prevalence (%)	18	17	Total fertility rate (per woman)	7	7	7	7
Age-standardized incidence rate of cervical cancer per 100 000 population	21	21	Adolescent fertility rate (per 1000 girls aged 15-19 years)	6	6	6	6
Unmet need for family planning (%)	24	24	Proportion of seats held by women in national parliaments (%)	5	5	5	5
Prevalence of Female genital mutilation/Cutting (FGM/C) among girls (%)	24	24		12	12	12	12
Prevalence of Female genital mutilation/Cutting (FGM/C) among women (%)	24	24		8	8	8	8
Women aged 20-24 that were married before the age of 18	39	39		8	8	8	8
	39	39		9	9	9	9
	39	39		9	9	9	9
	39	39		9	9	9	9
	39	39		11	11	11	11
	39	39	Households with a female head (%)	25	25	25	25

Ageing

(Source: WHO/UNSD 2015)

Population 60+ years	Life expectancy at age 60 (years)												Sex ratio in 60+ age group (men/100 women)
	1990			2000			2012			2013			
	Both sexes	Female	Male	Both sexes	Female	Male	Both sexes	Female	Male	Both sexes	Female	Male	
2013	5	5	5	15	15	14	15	16	15	15	16	15	81

DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO

Key determinants

Risk factors for health

(Source : WHO, 2015)

		2013
Prevalence of smoking any tobacco product among adults aged 15 years of age or older (%)	Both sexes	
	Female	
	Male	
		2010
Alcohol consumption among adults aged 15 years of age or older (litres per person)	Both sexes	3.6
		2014
Prevalence of raised fasting blood glucose* among adults aged 18 years or older (%)	Both sexes	6.1
	Female	6.0
	Male	6.2

*Percent of defined population with fasting glucose ≥ 126 mg/dl (7.0 mmol/l) or on medication for raised blood glucose.

		2014
Prevalence of raised blood pressure* among adults aged 18 years or older (%)	Both sexes	31.8
	Female	31.5
	Male	32.1

**Systolic Blood Pressure (SBP) ≥ 140 or Diastolic Blood Pressure (DBP) ≥ 90

		2008
Prevalence of raised total cholesterol* among adults aged 25 years or older (%)	Female	17.6
	Male	14.2
	Both sexes	16.1

***Percentage of defined population with total cholesterol ≥ 240 mg/dl (6.2 mmol/l).

		2010
Prevalence of insufficient physical* activity among adults aged 18 years of age or older (%)	Female	29.0
	Male	23.1
	Both sexes	26.0

		2014
Adults aged ≥ 18 years who are obese (%)	Female	7.1
	Male	6.0

The physical environment

(Source : WHO, 2015)

	1990	2000	2012
Population using improved drinking-water sources (%)	43	44	46

		2013
Population living in urban areas (%)		42
Population using solid fuels (%)		95

Food and nutrition

(Source : WHO, 2015)

		2007-2014
Children aged under 5 years underweight* (%)		24.2
Children aged under 5 years stunted** (%)		43.5
Children aged <5 years wasted*** (%)		8.5
Children aged under 5 years overweight**** (%)		4.9

*Underweight is the prevalence of weight-for-age less than -2 standard deviations (using the WHO Child Growth Standards median).

**Stunting is the prevalence of height-for-age less than -2 standard deviations (using the WHO Child Growth Standards median).

***Wasted is calculated as the prevalence of low weight-for-height less than -2 standard deviations (using the WHO Child Growth Standards median).

****Overweight is the prevalence of weight-for-height above +2 standard deviations (using the WHO Child Growth Standards median).

Social determinants

Demography

(Source : WHO, 2015)

		2013
Total fertility rate (average number of children) per woman		5.9

		2003-2013
Annual growth rate of population (%)		2.8

		2013
Age distribution of the population (%)	Aged under 15	45
	Aged 15-59	50
	Aged over 60	5

Resources and infrastructure

(Source : WHO, 2015)

		2013
Gross national income* per capita (PPP** int. \$)		680.0

*Gross national income (GNI) is the sum of value added by all resident producers plus any product taxes (less subsidies) not included in the valuation of output plus net receipts of primary income (compensation of employees and property income) from abroad. GNI per capita is GNI divided by mid-year population.

** Purchasing Power Parity

Poverty and income inequality

(Source : WHO, 2015)

		2007-2013
Population living under \$1 (PPP* int. \$) a day (i.e in absolute poverty) (%)		0.0

Gender equity

		2007-2012
Net primary school enrolment ratio (%)	Boys	
	Girls	

*Number of students enrolled in primary, secondary and tertiary levels of education, regardless of age, as percentage of the population of official school age for the three levels. The gross enrolment ratio can be greater than 100% as a result of grade repetition and entry at ages younger or older than the typical age at that grade level (UNDP definition).
Source : WHO, 2015

		2015
Percentage of seats** held by women in national parliaments		8.9

*Number of seats held by women expressed as a percentage of all occupied seats. Women's representation in parliaments is one aspect of women's opportunities in political and public life, and it is therefore linked to women's empowerment.
Source : USI, 2015.

Education

		2007-2012
Adult literacy rate (aged 15 and older) (%)		67

		2005-2011
Population aged 15-24 years who can both read and write (i.e youth literacy rate*) (%)	Female	53
	Male	79

*The youth literacy rate reflects the outcomes of primary education over the previous 10 years or so. As a measure of the effectiveness of the primary education system, it is often seen as a proxy measure of social progress and economic achievement. The literacy rate for this analysis is simply the complement of the illiteracy rate.
Source : UNSD, 2013.

Global partnerships and financial flows

(Source : World Bank, 2015)

		2013
Per capita official development assistance (ODA) received (US\$)		38
Official development assistance received as percentage of GNI		9
Total debt service as percentage of GNI		1
Total external debt stocks (in current US\$)		6,081,631,000

Science and technology

(Source : ITU, 2015)

		2014
Percentage of population who are cellular or mobile subscribers		53.5
Percentage of population who are telephone (fixed and mobile) subscribers		0.0
Percentage of the population who are Internet users		3.0

Emergencies and disasters

(Source : UNHCR, 2015)

		2015
Total number of refugees by country of asylum		160,271
Total number of refugees by country of origin		535,115