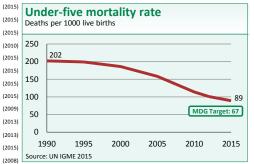
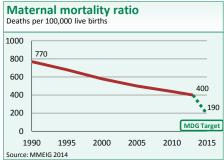


Burkina Faso

DEMOGRAPHICS

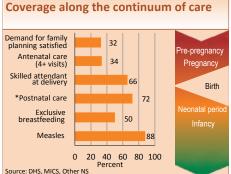






Note: MDG target calculated by Countdown to 2015.

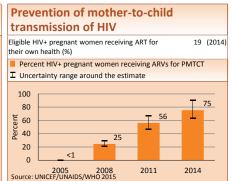
MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH





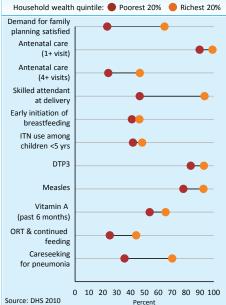


Skilled attendant at delivery



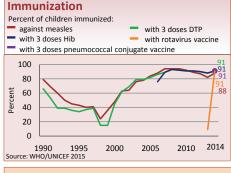
EQUITY

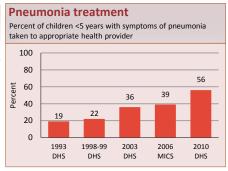
Socioeconomic inequities in coverage



Coverage levels are shown for the poorest 20% (red circles) and the richest 20% (orange circles). The longer the line between the two groups, the greater the inequality. These estimates may differ from other charts due to differences in data sources.

CHILD HEALTH





(2010)

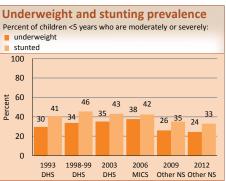
(2013)

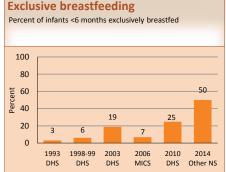
99

NUTRITION

Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe %) 11 Low birthweight prevalence (%)

(2012) Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hr of birth, %) 42 Introduction of solid, semi-solid/soft foods (%) Vitamin A two dose coverage (%)

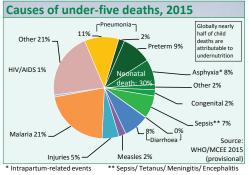


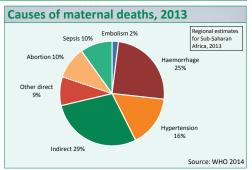




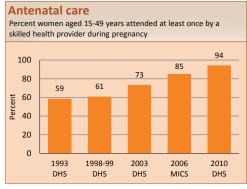
Burkina Faso

DEMOGRAPHICS



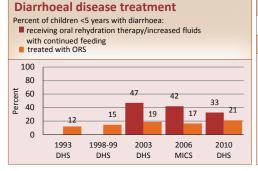


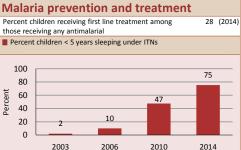
* Intrapartum-related events ** Sepsis/ Tetanus/ Meningitis/ Encephalitis MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH



Demand for family planning satisfied (%)	32	(2014)
Antenatal care (4 or more visits, %)	34	(2010)
Malaria during pregnancy - intermittent preventive treatment (%)	60	(2014)
C-section rate (total, urban, rural; %) (Minimum target is 5% and maximum target is 15%)	2, 6, 1	(2010)
Neonatal tetanus vaccine	89	(2014)
Postnatal visit for baby (within 2 days, %)	26	(2010)
Postnatal visit for mother (within 2 days, %)	72	(2010)
Women with low body mass index (<18.5 kg/m2, %)	14	(2010)

CHILD HEALTH





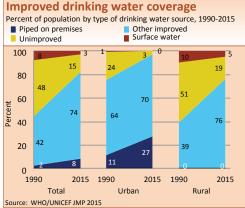
MICS

DHS

Other NS

DHS

WATER AND SANITATION



Percent o		on by ty		_	ity, 1990-2 lities	015
100			11	9		
80		55	13	5	_	-
وم ق	78	_	32	36	89	75 _
Percent 40		7				-
20	7	18	44	50	6	8 10
0	8	20			3	7
19	90	2015	1990	2015	1990	2015
	Total		Urb	an	Ri	ural
Source: W	HO/UNICEF	JMP 201	5			

POLICIES

	Laws or regulations that allow adolescents to access contraceptives without parental or spousal consent	Yes
	Legal status of abortion (X of 5 circumstances)	3 (R,F)
	Midwives authorized for specific tasks (x of 7 tasks)	7
	Maternity protection (Convention 183)	Yes
	Maternal deaths notification	No
	Postnatal home visits in the first week after birth	Yes
	Kangaroo Mother Care in facilities for low birthweight/preterm newborns	Yes
	Antenatal corticosteroids as part of management of preterm labour	No
	International Code of Marketing of Breastmilk Substitutes	Yes
	Community treatment of pneumonia with antibiotics	Yes
	Low osmolarity ORS and zinc for management of diarrhoea	Yes

SYSTEMS

Costed national implementation plan(s) for: maternal, newborn and child health available	Partial (2015)
Life Saving Commodities in Essential M	edicine List:
Reproductive health (X of 3)	2 (2015)
Maternal health (X of 3)	3 (2015)
Newborn health (X of 4)	3 (2015)
Child health (X of 3)	3 (2015)
Density of doctors, nurses and midwives (per 10,000 population)	6.1 (2010)
National availability of Emergency Obstetric Care services (% of recommended minimum)	16 (2011)

FINANCING

Per capita total expenditure on health (Int\$)	109 (2013)
General government expenditure on health as % of total government expenditure (%)	14 (2013)
Out of pocket expenditure as % of total expenditure on health(%)	33 (2013)
Reproductive, maternal, newborn Av and child health expenditure by source	railable (2013)
■ General government expenditure	24
■ External sources	
■ Private sources	31
ODA to child health per child (US\$)	24 (2012)
ODA to maternal and neonatal health per live birth (US\$)	48 (2012)

Note: See annexes for additional information on the indicators above