UNICEF El Niño Health Response SOUTHERN AFRICA

Health Situation of Children in Southern Africa

The impacts of El Niño and La Niña are expected to more than double the regular caseloads of childhood illnesses (malaria, cholera, pneumonia, measles and diarrhoea) in the most affected countries.

- Diarrhoea cases among children are expected to increase up to 4 times that of the regular yearly cases.
- Projections of pneumonia cases among children show a 1.5 times increase in cases.
- An estimated 11.8 million children are likely to be affected by malaria, cholera, diarrhoea, measles and/or pneumonia, with 7.5 million of these cases directly related to the impacts of El Nino.

UNICEF's Health response in Southern Africa is currently only 3% funded.



UNICEF El Niño Health response in 2016 in seven priority



239,000 children under 5 years immunized against measles



206,000 children provided with access to life-saving curative interventions

To achieve these results, UNICEF relied heavily on its regular programme funds, which were re-programmed to support the El Niño response



 Madagascar 544,000 1.3 million 1.8 million

 Mozambique 640,000 1.6 million 2.2 million

UNICEF El Niño Health Response Gaps

UNICEF urgently requires \$18.8 million in 2016 to meet the urgent needs of:

- 514,000 children in need of access to life-saving curative interventions, including for the treatment of cholera, diarrhoea, malaria and pneumonia.
- 961,000 children in need of measles vaccination.

UNICEF El Niño Health Funding Status 2016

Country	Requirements (US\$)	Funds Received (US\$)	Funding Gap (%)
Angola	\$11.5 million	0	100%
Lesotho	\$83,000	\$20,000	76%
Madagascar	\$3.5 milion	0	100%
Malawi	\$1.5 million	\$478,000	68%
Swaziland	\$324,000	0	100%
Zimbabwe	\$2.4 million	0	100%
Total	\$19.3 million	\$498,000	97%

*Mozambique does not currently have health targets for the El Niño response.