Cambodia

2010 total population: 14 138 255 Income group: Low

NCD mortality*			
2008 estimates		males	females
Total NCD deaths (000s)		31.1	25.5
NCD deaths under age 60 (percent of all NCD deaths)	0		34.8
Age-standardized death rate per 10	000 000		
All NCDs		957.9	592.2
Cancers		144.9	90.0
Chronic respiratory diseases		129.0	60.4
Cardiovascular diseases and dia	betes	480.4	338.7
Behavioural risk factors			
2008 estimated prevalence (%)	males	females	total
Current daily tobacco smoking	45.6	3.7	23.7
Physical inactivity	10.8	10.9	10.9

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Metabolic risk factors			
2008 estimated prevalence (%)	males	females	total
Raised blood pressure	30.5	25.1	27.6
Raised blood glucose	3.9	4.5	4.2
Overweight	10.8	13.2	12.1
Obesity	1.5	2.7	2.1
Raised cholesterol	26.4	31.1	29.0



NCDs are estimated to account for 46% of all deaths.

Yes**

Yes**

Yes**

0/5

Metabolic risk factor trends



Alcohol National health reporting system includes: Unhealthy diet / Overweight / Obesity NCD cause-specific mortality Physical inactivity Yes Tobacco NCD morbidity Yes NCD risk factors No Number of tobacco (m)POWER measures Has a national, population-based cancer registry No implemented at the highest level of achievement

* The mortality estimates for this country have a high degree of uncertainty because they are not based on any national NCD mortality data. The estimates are based on a combination of country life tables cause of death models, regional cause of death patterns, and WHO and UNAIDS program estimates for some major causes of death (not including NCDs).

** = covered by integrated policy/programme/action plan

World Health Organization - NCD Country Profiles, 2011.