SIERRA LEONE

Factsheets of Health Statistics 2014





SIERRA LEONE Health status and trends

				Intro	duction										
Po (Sour	Population (Source:WHO 2014) Population 2000 4,143 2001 4,304														
(300)				Popu	lation			(000106.1	VHO 2014)	P	opulation				
			2000		4,143										
			2001		4,304					2010	2011	2012			
			2002		4,506										
			2003		4,730			Aged 15-59 9	%	53.43	53	53.85			
			2004		4,952										
			2005		5,153										
Population (in thousands) total			2006		5,327										
			2007		5,478	Population proportion	(%)	Aged over 60) %	3.57	4	4.41			
			2008		5,612										
			2009		5,739										
			2010		5,868										
			2011		5,997			Aged under 1	15%	43	43	41.74			
			2012		5,979										
		'	Hea	th statu	us and 1	rends									
		201	2												
	th sexes	Fema	ale	Ма	ale										
Healthy Life expectancy at birth (years)								39							
Life expectancy at age 60 (years)				1	11	11		13		13		12			
Life expectancy at birth (years)				38	38	38		46		46	45				
				(Source:	mortality :WHO 2014)		I								
				1	990				201	2					
		Во	th sexes	Fe	male	Male		th sexes	Fem	ale	Ma	ile			
Adult mortality rate (probability of dying between 19 years per 1000 population)	5 and 60		5	19	512	525		435		426		444			
Mater (Sou	rnal mortalit irce:WHO 2014	t y							Child mortality (Source:WHO 2014)						
	1990	1995	2000	2005	2013					1990	2000	2013			
						Under-five mortality	rate (dea	aths per 1,000	live births)	80	3 232	482			
Maternal mortality ratio (per 100 000 live births)	2,300	2,400	2,200	0 1,600	1,100	Infant mortality rate (and age 1 per 1000 li	probabilit	ty of dying be	tween birth	15	8 141	107			
						Neonatal mortality ra	te (death	ns per 1,000 l	ive births)	5	7	44			
				Ago otanda	rdized des	the control of the co									
				Age standa (Source:	:WHO 2014)	uis			2000		2012				
				II Causes					261.6		2,440.4				
				Communicabl	Δ				B32.7		1,327.4				
				Ioncommunic		es			230.9		963.5				
				njuries					98.0		149.5				
Age-standardized mortality rate by cause (per 100	000 populati	ion)	N	falignant neo	plasms (CAN	ICER)					86.2				
			C	ardiovascula	ar diseases						436.0				
				hronic Respi	iratory diseas	es					61.1				
			С	Diabetes mellitus							69.0				
				Burden (Source:	of disease :WHO 2014)										
	<u> </u>								2000		2012				
			C	communicabl	е				78						
			Į												
Distribution of years of life lost by major cause grou	up (%)		١	loncommunio	cable disease	es			15		19				

SIERRA LEONE The health system

						finance: WHO 2												
	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
External resources for health as a percentage of total expenditure on health	1.1	0.8	5.5	4.9	4.7	5.3	3.7	6.3	4.3	7.8	9.7	14.4	10.6	10.3	22.8	26.8	18.2	13.2
General government expenditure on health as % of GDP	2.3	2.1	2.4	2.0	3.0	4.0	3.1	3.1	2.7	2.6	2.6	1.9	1.6	1.8	2.2	2.4	2.6	2.5
General government expenditure on health as a percentage of total expenditure on health	15.4	14.2	15.8	13.6	18.7	21.5	19.5	19.2	17.7	17.2	16.6	13.7	11.6	12.4	12.9	15.3	16.2	16.6
General government expenditure on health as a percentage of total government expenditure	14.2	14.2	14.2	14.2	14.2	14.2	14.2	14.2	14.2	14.2	14.3	11.7	12.0	10.9	12.4	11.7	12.3	12.3
Out of pocket expenditure as % of total health expenditure	80.5	81.5	80.4	82.5	77.0	74.7	77.6	77.9	79.5	77.7	74.0	79.2	85.0	85.5	72.1	77.4	76.6	76.2
Out-of-pocket expenditure as a percentage of total expenditure on health	80.5	81.5	80.4	82.5	77.0	74.7	77.6	77.9	79.5	77.8	74.0	79.2	85.0	85.5	72.1	77.4	76.6	76.2
Per capita government expenditure on health (PPP int. \$)	10.3	10.0	9.8	7.9	10.9	14.9	18.4	22.0	21.9	20.9	22.4	17.9	15.6	17.5	22.6	26.3	29.7	
Per capita total expenditure on health (PPP int. \$)	94.4	96.0	95.7	93.1	98.9	121.3	96.8	118.1	122.3	126.6	135.9	128.2	137.5	146.3	178.4	170.7	191.6	204.9
Per capita total expenditure on health at average exchange rate (US\$)	33.5	35.6	33.3	24.9	26.4	28.3	40.3	44.0	45.2	44.6	50.5	50.7	55.9	64.1	73.5	69.1	81.7	95.7
Private prepaid plans as a percentage of private expenditure on health	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	1.3	0.6	0.6	1.0	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	
Social security expenditure on health as a percentage of general government expenditure on health	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total expenditure on health as a percentage of gross domestic product	15.1	14.8	15.4	14.7	15.9	18.4	16.1	16.0	15.5	15.4	15.9	14.2	14.0	14.2	16.9	15.4	16.3	15.1
Total health expenditure (THE) % Gross Domestic Product (GDP)	15.1	14.8	15.4	14.7	15.9	4.8	16.0	16.0	15.5	15.4	15.9	14.2	14.0	14.2	16.9	15.4	16.3	15.1

							delive VHO 20										
	1994	1995	1996	1997	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Smear-positive tuberculosis treatment-success rate (%)	75	69	74	79	75	77	80	81	83	82	86	87	89	86	79	86	88
Treatment success rate for new pulmonary smear-negative and extrapulmonary tuberculosis cases												85	85	86	82	86	85
Treatment success rate for retreatment tuberculosis cases	78	87	79	74			69	62	77	73	75	82	90	85	69	75	70

Health information Source: WHO 2014	
	2010
Civil registration coverage of births (%)	78.00

							versal c		•									
	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Out-of-pocket expenditure as a percentage of private expenditure on health	95.10	94.97	95.53	95.42	94.72	95.18	96.42	96.41	96.59	93.85	88.65	91.85	96.10	97.58	82.72	91.39	91.40	91.38
Private expenditure on health as a	84.65	85.82	84.17	86.45	81.31	78.51	80.51	80.77	82.32	82.84	83.43	86.27	88.41	87.59	87.14	84.66	83.81	83.42

		orkforce VHO 2014			
	2004	2008	2010	2006-2010	2006-2013
Community and traditional health workers density (per 1000 population)	0.108	0.022	0.022		
Dentistry personnel (per 10 000 population)					0.040
Dentistry personnel density density (per 1000 population)	0.001	0.004	0.001		
Environmental and public health workers density (per 1000 population)	0.026	0.023	0.026		
Health management & support workers density (per 1000 population)		0.004			
Laboratory health workers density (per 1000 population)		0.009	0.002		
Nursing and medwifery personnel (per 10 000 population)					1.700
Nursing and midwifery personnel density (per 1000 population)	0.486	0.168	0.166		
Other health workers density (per 1000 population)	0.001	0.004	0.140		
Pharmaceutical personnel (per 10 000 population)					0.200
Pharmaceutical personnel density (per 1000 population)	0.066	0.032	0.019		
Physicians density (per 10 000 population)					0.200
Physicians density (per 1000 population)	0.033	0.016	0.022		
Psychiatrists (per 10 000 population)				0.040	

Medical products, vaccines, infrastruct Source: WHO 2014	ures an	d equip	ment	
	2006	2010	2011	2013
Hospital beds (per 10 000 population)	4.000			
Mental hospitals (per 100,000)			0.020	
Psychiatrists working in mental health sector (per 100,000)			0.020	
Total density per 100 000 population: Health centres		1.260		
Total density per million population: Computed tomography units		0.340		0.328
Total density per million population: Gamma camera or Nuclear medicine		0.170		0.164
Total density per million population: Radiotherapy units		0.000		

Availability of national list of approved	2010	Yes						
medical devices for procurement or reimbursement	2013	Yes						
Availability of technical specifications of medical devices to support procurement or								
donations	2013	No						
National guidelines, policies or recommendations on the procurement of	2010	Yes						
medical devices	2013	Yes						
Procurement of medical devices carried out	2010	Yes						
at the national level	2013	Yes						

Leadership and governance Source: WHO 2014

2012	Yes
2013	Not started
2013	Pilot
2012	Yes
2013	Twice
20 20)13)13)12

	2007
Existence of national health policies	2011
	2010 2015
National Health Strategic Plans	

SIERRA LEONE Maternal, newborn and child care

Immunization

(Source:WHO/UNICEF coverage estimates for 1980-2013)

Immunization coverage among 1-year-olds (%) 1980 1982 1984 1986 1988 1990 1991 1992 1994 1996 2000 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 BCG Ω DTP3 HepB3 Hib3 MCV PAB PCV3 Pol3 RotaV

BCG: Bacille Calmette Guérin vaccine; DTP3: Third dose of diphtheria toxoid, tetanus toxoid and pertussis vaccine; HeB3: Third dose of hepatitis B vaccine; Hib3: Third dose of Haemophilus influenzae type B vaccine; MCV: Measles-containing vaccine; PAB: Protection at birth; PCV3: Third dose of pneumococcal conjugate vaccine; Pol3: Third dose of polio vaccine; Yfv: Yellow fever; Rotav: Rotavirus last dose (2nd or 3rd depending on schedule)

Causes of under-five death, nutrition and healthcare

(Source:WHO 2014)

	Causes	of dea	th amo	ng child	Iren age	ed <5 y	ears (%)			al sepsis Other diseases				
- 1	Injuries	;		Malaria	1		Measles	5	Neo	natal se	epsis	Oth	er dise	ases	

В	Birth asphyxia Congenital				tal	D	iarrhoe	ea	H	IIV/AID	S	1	Injuries	5		Malaria	a		Measle	s	Neo	natal se	epsis	Oth	er dise	ases	Pr	neumo	nia	Prematurity		
200	200	5 2010	2000	2005	2010	2000	2005	2010	2000	2005	2010	2000	2005	2010	2000	2005	2010	2000	2005	2010	2000	2005	2010	2000	2005	2010	2000	2005	2010	2000	2005	2010
6	7	7	4	4	5	13	13	12	0	1	1	2	2	3	23	28	23	13	0	0	3	3	5	11	14	16	17	19	17	8	9	10
Infant and child putrition																					Care of	childro	n									

Infant and child nutrition						
	2013					
Low-birthweight babies (% of births)	11					
BF early initiation (%)	45					
Complementary Feed (%)	25					
Exclusive BF<6 months (%)	32					
Vitamin A supplementation coverage rate (% of children ages 6-59 months)	99					
Children aged <5 years underweight (%)	21					
Children aged <5 years stunting (%)	45					
Children aged <5 years wasting (%)	9					

YFV

Out of children					
	2013				
Children aged <5 years with ARI symptoms taken to a health facility (%)	72				
Children aged <5 years with ARI symptoms who took antibiotic treatment (%)	58				
Children aged <5 years with diarrhoea receiving ORT (%)	85				
Children aged <5 years with fever who received treatment with any antimalarial (%)	48				
Children aged < 5 years sleeping under ITNs (%)	49				

60 64

Main causes of maternal death and mortality

(Source:WHO 2014, UN Inter-Agency Group 2014)

Main causes of maternal death							
	Haemorrhage	Abortion	Embolism	Hypertension	Indirect	Other direct	Sepsis
2014	25%	10%	2%	16%	29%	9%	10%

Under-5 mortality rate and maternal mortality								
	1990	2000	2009	2013				
Under-five mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 live births)	268	232		161				
Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 live births)	158			107				
Stillbirth rate (per 1000 total births)			30					
Neonatal mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 live births)	57			44				

Reproductive healthcare, gender and women's health

(Source:WHO/UNICEF2014)

Reproductive healthcare

	overage - at least sits (%)		overage - at least sit (%)	ARV therapy coverage among HIV- infected pregnant wom	, , , , ,		Births attended by skilled health personnel (%) Births by caesarean section (%)		Lifetime risk of maternal death (1 in N)	Postnatal care visit within two days of birth (%)	Stillbirth rate (per 1000 total births)	
2010	2013	2010	2013	2011	2000	2010	2013	2010	2013	2013	2008	2009
75	75	91	97	74		61	60	5	5	21	58	30

Gender and women's health						
Contraceptive prevalence (%)		11				
Contraceptive prevalence (%)	2013	17				
Unmet need for family planning (%)						
Age standardized incidence rate of cervical cancer per 100 000 pop	2008	42				
Prevalence of FGM among women 15-49 (% of women aged 15-49 who have been cut)		91				
D 145 (50)						
Prevalence of FGM among daughters (% of women aged 15-49 with at least one daughter circumcised)						
Women aged 20-24 that were married before the age of 18 (%)		48				
		44				

Gender and women's health								
Age standardized incidence rate of cervical cancer per 100 000 pop	2008	42						
	1990	6						
	2000	5						
Total fertility rate (per woman)	2009	5						
	2011	8						
	2012	5						
Adolescent fertility rate (per 1000 girls aged 15-19 years)	2012	125						
	2000	9						
	2005	15						
	2007	15						
Percentage of parliamentary seats in Single or Lower chamber occupied	2008	13						
by women	2009	13						
	2010	13						
		13						
	2012	13						
Female headed households (% of households with a female head)	2006							

Ageing

(Source: WHO/UNSD 2014)

Percentage of po	pulation 60+ years		Life expectancy at age 60 (years)						Sex ratio in 60+ age group (men/100 women)		
20	12		1990 2000 2011			2012					
Female	Male	Both sexes	Female	Male	Both sexes	Female	Male	Both sexes	Female	Male	
4	4	11	10	11	9	9	10	11	10	11	97

SIERRA LEONE Diseases control

HIV/AIDS (Source:WHO 2014)			HIV/J (Source:V
	2001	2012	
Deaths due to HIV/AIDS (per 100 000 population)	25	55	
Prevalence (%) of HIV/AIDS among adults 15-45 years	0.618	0.965	Population aged 15-24 years with comprehe correct knowledge of HIV/AIDS (%)
HIV/AIDS incidence rate (per 100 000 population)	141	51	Prevalence (%) of condom use by adults ag
Antiretroviral therapy coverage among people eligible for treatment (%)		33	years during higher-risk sex

HIV/AIDS (Source:WHO 2014)		
	2006	-2010
	Female	Male
Population aged 15-24 years with comprehensive correct knowledge of HIV/AIDS (%)	17	28
Prevalence (%) of condom use by adults aged 15-49 years during higher-risk sex	7	15

Tuberculosis (Source:WHO 2014)			
	2000	2011	2012
Deaths due to tuberculosis (per 100 000 population) among HIV-negative people	59		143
Prevalence of tuberculosis (per 100 000 population)	537		1304
Tuberculosis incidence rate (per 100 000 population per year)	264		674
Case-detection rate for all forms of tuberculosis (%)	34		32
Smear-positive tuberculosis treatment-success rate (%)	77	88	

Malaria (Source:WHO 2014)		
	2012	2006-2010
Malaria mortality rate (per 100 000 population)	108	
Malaria incidence rate (per 100 000 population)	19027	
Children aged < 5 years (%) with fever who received treatment with any antimalarial		62
Children aged < 5years (%) sleeping under insecticide- treated nets		25

Neglected tropical diseases (Source:WHO 2014)														
	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Number of new cases of leprosy	499	512	751	814	597	777	549	549	549	256	382	382	236	
Annual incidence of dracunculiasis cases													0	
Human african trypanosomiasis (tb gambiense) cases														
Human african trypanosomiasis (tb rhodesiense) cases														
Number of new reported cases of Buruli Ulcer														

	Neglected tropical diseases Certification (Source:WHO 2014)	
Dracunculiasis certification status of countries at the beginning of the year	2007	Certified free of dracunculiasis
Status of endemicity for blinding trachoma	2012	Non-endemic

Noncommi	unicable diseases and conditions (Source:WHO 2014)	
		2012
	Falls	1.3
	Fire, heat and hot substances	1.2
Distribution of causes of intentional and	Intentional injuries	1.1
non-intentional injuries (% of total	Other unintentional injuries	1.9
DALYs)	Poisonings	0.3
	Road injury	1.3
	Unintentional injuries	6.6
	Alcohol use disorders	0.2
Distribution of causes of neuropsychiatric burden of diseases (% of total DALYs)	Bipolar disorder	0.1
	Drug use disorders	0.1
	Epilepsy	1.5
	Migraine	0.2
	Multiple sclerosis	0.0
	Neurological conditions	2.1
	Other neurological conditions	0.3
	Parkinson's disease	0.0
	Schizophrenia	0.1
	Unipolar depressive disorders	0.9
	Cardiovascular diseases	4.4
	Congenital anomalies	2.2
	Diabetes mellitus	1.0
	Digestive diseases	3.3
	Endocrine, blood, immune disorders	1.4
Distribution of causes of non-	Genitourinary diseases	1.2
communicable burden of diseases (% of	Malignant neoplasms	1.2
otal DALYs)	Musculoskeletal diseases	0.9
	Oral conditions	0.1
	Other neoplasms	0.0
	Respiratory diseases	1.7
	Sense organ diseases	0.5
	Skin diseases	0.4

Noncommunicable diseases and conditions Age-standardized mortality rate by cause (per 100 000 population) (Source:WHO 2014)						
	20	12				
	Female	Male				
noncommunicables diseases	1,005.4	921.0				
Cardiovascular diseases	485.3	386.9				
Malignant neoplasms (cancer)	77.6	93.6				
Chronic respiratory diseases	53.1	69.2				
Diabetes mellitus	83.6	54.2				

SIERRA LEONE Progress on the MDGs

Health MDGs

MDG - 4: Reduce child mortality

Target 4.A: Reduce by two thirds, between 1990 and 2015, the under-five mortality rate (Source: WHO, 2014)

	1990	2013	MDG Target 2015	AARR	Progress on the MDGs
Under-five mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 live births)	268.00	161.00	89.00	2.20	Making progress
Measles (MCV) immunization coverage among 1-year-olds (%)		83.00	100.00		Making progress

MDG - 5: Improve maternal health
Target 5.A: Reduce by three quarters, between 1990 and 2015, the maternal mortality ratio

(Source: WHO, 2014)

	1990	2013	MDG Target 2015	AARR	Progress on the MDGs
Maternal mortality ratio (per 100 000 live births)	2,300.00	1,100.00	575.00	3.30	Making progress

Target 5.B: Achieve, by 2015, universal access to reproductive health

	2006-2013	MDG Target 2015	Progress on the MDGs
Births attended par skilled health personnel (%)	61.00	100.00	Insufficient progress
Antenatal care coverage at least one visit	91.00	100.00	On track
Unmet need for family planning (%)	27.00	0.00	No progress

MDG - 6: Combat HIV/AIDS, malaria and other diseases

Target 6.A: Have halted by 2015 and begun to reverse the spread of HIV/AIDS

Target 6.B: Achieve, by 2010, universal access to treatment for HIV/AIDS for all those who need it

Target 6.C: Have halted by 2015 and begun to incidence of malaria and other major diseases

	2001	2005	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Prevalence of HIV among adults aged 15 to 49 (%)	0.90	1.50			1.60				1.60
Estimated number of malaria deaths						5,520.00		8,000.00	
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100 000 population per year)			318.00	318.00	318.00	317.00	316.00	314.00	313.00

Health-Related MDGs

MDG - 7: Ensure environment sustainability

Target 7.C: Halve,by the proportion of people without sustainable access to safe drinking water and basic sanitation (Source: WHO, 2014)

	1990	2012	MDG Target 2015	AARR	Progress on the MDGs
Population using improved drinking-water sources (%)	37.00	60.00	55.50	2.10	MDG Target Achieved
Population using improved Sanitation (%)	11.00	13.00	16.50	0.73	Making progress

MDG - 1: Eradicate extreme poverty and hunger

Target 1.C: Halve, between 1990 and 2015, the proportion of people who suffer from hunger

(Source: WHO, 2014)

	1990-1995	2006-2012	MDG Target 2015	AARR	Progress on the MDGs
Children aged <5 years underweight (%)	25.4	21.1	11.0	0.8	Insufficient progress

Other MDGs

MDG - 2: Achieve Universal Primary Education

Target 2.A: Ensure that, by 2015, children everywhere, boys and girls alike, will be able to complete a full course of primary schooling (Source: UNICEF, 2013)

	2007-2012	MDG Target 2015	Progress on the MDGs
Percentage of net enrolment ratio in primary education		100.0	No data

MDG - 3: Promote Gender Equality and Empower Women

Target 3.A: Eliminate gender disparity in primary and secondary education, preferably by, 205, and in all levels of education no later than 2015
(Source: UNICEF, 2013)

	2007-2012	MDG Target 2015	Progress on the MDGs
The gender parity index in percentage of net enrolment ratio in primary education		1.00	No data

MDG - 8: Develop a global partnership for development

Target 8.A: Develop further an open, rule-based, non discrimanatory trading and financial system

Target 8.F: In cooperation with the private sector, make available the benefits of new technologies, especially information and communications

	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2010	2011	2012
Official development assistance (ODA) received as percentage of GDP	9.10							28.80					14.61	
Percentage of population who are cellular or mobile subscribers			0.28	0.62	1.48	2.39				14.32	18.14	34.00	35.63	36.10
Percentage of the population who are Internet users			0.12	0.16	0.18	0.19	0.20	0.22	0.23	0.24	0.25			1.30

SIERRA LEONE Key determinants

Risk factors for health (Source : WHO, 2014)				
		2011		
Prevalence of smoking any tobacco product among	Female	20		
adults aged 15 years of age or older (%)				
		2010		
Alcohol consumption among adults aged 15 years of age or older (litres per person)	Boths sexes	8.7		
		2008		
Prevalence of raised fasting blood glucose* among	Female	10		
adults aged 25 years of age or older (%)	Male	9		

*Percent of defined population with fasting glucose≥126 mg/dl (7.0 mmol/l) or on medication for raised blood

		2008
Prevalence of raised blood pressure** among adults	Female	40.5
aged 25 years of age or older (%)	Male	41.9

^{**}Systolic Blood Pressure (SBP)≥140 or Diastolic Blood Pressure (DBP)≥90

		2008
Prevalence of raised total cholesterol*** among adults	Female	3.3
aged 25 years or older (%)	Male	2.1
	Both sexes	2.7

^{***}Percentage of defined population with total cholesterol ≥ 240 mg/dl (6.2 mmol/l).

		2008
	Female	23.6
Prevalence of physical inactivity among adults aged 15 years of age or older (%)	Male	16.2
	Both sexes	19.9

The physical environment

(Source : WHO, 2014)	
	_

	1990	2000	2012
Population using improved drinking-water sources (%)	37	47	60
Population using improved sanitation (%)	11	12	13
Population living in urban areas (%)			40
Population using solid fuels (%)			98

Food and nutrition

		1990-1995	2005-2012
Children aged under 5 years	Female		18.5
underweight* (%)	Male		24.2
	Both sexes	25.4	21.3
Children aged under 5 years	Female		35.4
stunted** (%)	Male		39.5
	Both sexes	40.9	37.4
Children aged under 5 years	Female		9.9
overweight (%)	Male		10.3
	Both sexes		10.1

[&]quot;Percentage of children underweight describes how many children under 5 years of age have a weight-forage below minus two standard deviations of the National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS)/WHO reference
median.
"Percentage of children stunted describes how many children under 5 years of age have a height-for-age
below minus two standard deviations of the NCHS/WHO reference median.
""Percentage of children overweight describes how many children under 5 years of age have a weight-forheight above two standard deviations of the NCHS/WHO reference median.

		2008
Percentage of adults aged 20 years of age or older who are obese (%)	Female	10.1
	Male	3.6

Social determinants

Demography (Source: WHO, 2014)

		2002-2012
Annual growth rate (in %	Annual growth rate (in %) of population	
		2012
Age distribution of the population (%)	Aged under 15	42
	Aged 15-59	54
	Aged over 60	4

Ressources and infrastructure

	2000-2010	
Paved roads**** as percentage of all roads	8.0	

****Paved roads are those surfaced with crushed stone (macadam) and hydrocarbon binder or bituminized agents, with concrete, or with cobblestones, as a percentage of all the country's roads, measured in length. Source: World Bank, 2013

Poverty and income inequality

		2000-2009
Share of incomes by lowest and highest section of the	Highest 10%	33.6
population	Highest 20%	49.3
	Lowest 10%	2.6
	Lowest 20%	6.1

Source: World Bank, 2012

Gender equity

	2013
Percentage of seats** held by women in national parliaments	12.4

*Number of seats held by women expressed as a percentage of all occupied seats. Women's representation in parliaments is one aspect of women's opportunities in political and public life, and it is therefore linked to women's empowement.

Source: UNSD, 2013.

Education

		2005-2011
Population aged 15-24 years who can both read and write (i.e	Female	52
youth literacy rate*) (%)	Male	70

*The youth literacy rate reflects the outcomes of primary education over the previous 10 years or so. As a measure of the effectiveness of the primary education system, it is often seen as a proxy measure of social progress and economic achievement. The literacy rate for this analysis is simply the complement of the illiteracy rate.

Source: UNSD, 2013.

Global partnerships and financial flows

(**************************************	
	2011
Per capita official development assistance (ODA) received (US\$)	72
Official development assistance received as percentage of GNI	15
Total debt service as percentage of GNI	1
Total external debt stocks (in current US\$)	1,048,777,000

Science and technology (Source : ITU, 2013)

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	2012
Percentage of population who are cellular or mobile subscribers	36.1
Percentage of population who are telephone (fixed and mobile) subscribers	0.3
Percentage of the population who are Internet users	1.3

Eme	ergenc	ies and	disasters

(Source : Givinor, 2013)			
	2011		
Total number of refugees by country of asylum	8,092		
Total number of refugees by country of origin	8 002		